The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,888 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1887.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	
L. HYDASPES	2995	600	G. Scrivener	14th Jan.
— ALMAM	3726	500	H. Hazlewood	21st "
— SUEZ	3182	550	W. J. Nantes	28th "
M. ROSETTA	3004	700	G. W. Bracy	4th Feb.
L. VERONA	3116	600	R. F. Briscoe	11th "
— MEDINA	3041	500	M. de Horne	18th "
L. MALWA	2939	600	G. W. Atkinson	25th "
M. KAISAR-I-HIND	5023	700	S. G. Reed	4th Mar.
L. PERA	3486	650	T. Anderson	11th "
— ASSAM	3003	550	J. F. Mossall	18th "
L. KHEDIVE	4101	800	W. A. Seston	25th "
M. TASMANIA	4335	800	C. G. Perrin	1st April
L. GANGES	2136	900	E. Stewart	8th "
— NUBIA	3736	500	H. Hazlewood	15th "
L. CORNWALLIS	6401	800	J. Reeves	22nd "
M. SUEZ	3143	550	W. J. Nantes	29th "
L. PESHAWAR	3930	600	L. H. Monie	6th May.
— MEDINA	3041	500	M. de Horne	13th "
L. GANGES	4702	900	W. H. Andrews	20th "
				TUESDAY.
M. CATHAY	3953	600	F. Ashdown	24th May.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the latter, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London, and names registered for places in the sleeping cars.

A Steam-tender leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

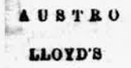
Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	
GANGES	4106	900	E. Stewart	31st Jan.
CORNWALLIS	6401	800	J. Reeves	4th Feb.
PESHAWAR	3930	600	L. H. Monie	18th "

Return Tickets are issued at greatly reduced Rates, to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, December 24, 1886.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITA FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

PARIS to all Ports of Italy Rs. 320, Rs. 360.
" to Marseilles " 340, " 360.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine. Passengers for Marseilles transmit at Genoa. Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Mediterranean.

Liberal discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE:—

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO ..	5,000 300	30th Jan.	1st Mar.
MANILLA	5,000 300	1st Feb.	2nd "
M. RUBATTINO..	4,000 300	20th "	10th April

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
ARCHIMEDE ..	4,000	7th Jan.
BORMIDA ..	4,000	12th Feb.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Esseex House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 22, 1886.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail from
ELEKTRA	G. Raguzin	4200	600	16th Jan. 1887
WOHWAERTS	F. Hadonicich	3500	450	30th "
PANDORA	P. Morse	3500	550	2nd Feb.
BERENICE	C. Bochlinger	3500	550	16th "
POSEIDON	G. Donoian	4000	600	2nd March.
THESUS	L. Lemesoich	3850	450	16th do.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 320	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 420

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 5th, and BRINDISI on the 7th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's Steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H. P.	To sail.
AMPHITRITE	G. Gelcich	4,000 650	11th Feb.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Esseex House, 60, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Dec. 16, 1886.

ANCHOR LINE.

SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Commander	1887.
s.s. ROUMANIA ..	3,387 450	Capt. J. Harris	....8th Jan.

Passengers by s.s. Roumania can book through to London overland from Marseilles.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Tons. H.P.	Commander	18-7.
s.s. ARABIA	3,544 480	Capt. J. Laird	25th Jan.
s.s. BRITANNIA ..	3,009 480	Capt. F. Slight	19th Feb.
s.s. VICTORIA	3,326 480	Capt. Wm. Russell..	1st Mar.
s.s. PERSIA	3,559 483	Capt. R. Hutchison.	26th "
s.s. ROUMANIA ..	3,387 480	Capt. J. Harris ..	9th April
s.s. ARABIA	3,544 480	Capt. J. Laird	22nd "
s.s. BRITANNIA ..	3,009 48	Capt. F. Slight	7th May.
s.s. VICTORIA	3337 450	Capt. Wm. Russell..	25th "

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-class Passengers.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, December 27, 1886. Agents.

HALL LINE STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT MARSEILLES IF SUFFICIENT INDUCEMENT OFFERS.

THE S. S. 'MERTON HALL,' 4,100 tons, 500 H P, Captain BARNES, will sail as above on the 8th March.

She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars, apply to.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 1st January, 1887.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

Fixed Deposits received to a Limited extent on the following terms:—

6	per cent per. annum subject to	18 months	notice of withdrawal
5		12 "	
4		9 "	
3½		6 "	

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.

Elphinstone Circle

FRAMJEE NOWROJEE,

No. 9, FORBES STREET,
OLDEST DEPOT
OF
INDIAN OILMANSTORES,
ESTABLISHED IN BOMBAY
FOR 50 YEARS.
AWARDED MEDALS
AT
THE LONDON EXHIBITION OF 1873,
AT
THE AMSTERDAM EXHIBITION OF 1883
AND
AT THE JUBILEE EXHIBITION OF MELBOURNE OF 1884-85.
DIPLOMAS AWARDED
AT THE MELBOURNE EXHIBITION OF 1880
AND
AT THE VIENNA EXHIBITION OF 1873.

Price List on Application.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO MESSES AND CLUBS.

NONE IS GENUINE UNLESS SIGNED BY ME.

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 14th Jan., 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mundvie.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on MONDAY, 10th Jan. (on arrival of Outward Mauritius Mail) calling at Kurrachee, Gwader, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Feo, and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 3,000 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 12th January, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on FRIDAY, the 28th January, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 22nd January, at 5 p.m.

S. S. LALPOORA, 3220 tons,	"	3rd Feb.
S. S. LAIVADA, 3230 "	"	17th "

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, January 7, 1887. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S
EXTRACT OF MALT.

THIS preparation contains all the active principles of Malt in a highly concentrated and pure condition.

It is an invaluable remedy when a Tonic or Restorative is required, agreeing with the most delicate patients and children. Of service in Dyspepsia, Indigestion, &c.

Price 1-4, per Bottle.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ANTIDOLORICON

A CURE FOR HEAD-ACHE, NEURALGIA SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, &c.

BEING solid in form, it is simple and cleanly in application, and affords great relief by being gently rubbed over the painful part.

Cash Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA & POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA, and guaranteed to be

Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter.

Cash.

Small-size Tins	Rs. 0 10
Double-size Tins	" 1 0

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PRECAUTION AGAINST EPIDEMICS.

CRESOL! CRESOL!! CRESOL!!
(CALVERTS.)

As a Purifier of the Atmosphere,
As a Deodorizer Antiseptic and Disinfectant,
As a Destroyer of Mange or Vermin in dogs,
As an Insecticide to clear Ants and other Insects from rooms
As an effective Preservative Agent against mites in hides and skins.

THIS Fluid is a concentrated product of uniform strength, it mixes readily with water in any proportion, and when diluted will be found effective in destroying the lower forms of insect and vegetable life and in preventing or arresting putrefactive change.

Sold in Bottles Ans. 4, 8, 12, and Re. 1-2. Gallon tins Rs. 5, for 5 gallon tins Rs. 23-12.

Carbolic Acid by Calvert of all strengths.

Carbolic Disinfecting Powder in tins ans. 8, in 28" boxes Rs. 3 12, cwt casks Rs. 11.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LINEN TOWELS.

HUCKABACK (FACE) TOWELS.
Rs. 1-12, and 2-4 per dozen.

DIAPER (FACE) TOWELS.
Rs. 13-1, 19-8, 22-8 per dozen.

DIAPER NURSERY TOWELS.
In pieces containing 12 squares, Rs. 10-8.

WATSON AND Co.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

ANGLO-INDIAN COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, GENEVA-SWITZERLAND.

FOR THE TRAINING AND EDUCATION OF CHILDREN FROM INDIA.

THE HIGHEST EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES, with the SUPERIOR TRAINING and CARE of an English home, in a most healthy and invigorating climate combined with moderate charges.

Pupils prepared for the Public Schools and Universities as well as for the Competitive Examinations in connection with the Army, the Civil Service, etc.

Special attention paid to the study of modern languages. French, German, and Italian, taught by Professors from the University. Music by Masters from the Conservatoire de Musique, one of the finest in Europe.

If desired a personal interview can be had with the Principal who is now in India and arrangements made for taking charge of pupils here to accompany to Europe on his return.

For detailed prospectus, references, etc., please apply by letter to "A. G. K. LEVICK," care of Messrs. KING, KING and Co., Bankers, Bombay, the Agents for the College in India.

Prospectus can also be had at the Office of this Paper.

LUND & BLOCKLEY,
CLOCK AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS

BY SPECIAL WARRANT
TO HER MAJESTY
QUEEN VICTORIA OF ENGLAND
AND
EMPRESS OF INDIA.

CLOCKS..... ....from...Rs. 10 to 10,000
WATCHES..... " Rs. 10 to 10,000
JEWELLERY (Gold London made) various articles from Rs. 10 to 10,000
ELECTRO-PLATE (Best Sheffield) various articles from Rs. 5 to 1,000
TABLE CUTLERY, &c. &c.
ALL MARKED AT LONDON CASH PRICES.

TERMS 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR READY MONEY,
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

LUND AND BLOCKLEY,
WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS, THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, THE INDIAN STATE RAILWAYS, &c. &c.,
AND MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

MANUFACTORY, Little Pulteney Street, LONDON. | INDIAN BRANCHES, FORT, BOMBAY. | AND AT 47 Pall Mall LONDON.

AND
EAST STREET POONA.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY INSTITUTION FOR DEAF-MUTES, GRANT ROAD, GIRGAUM.

THE above Institution has been established for the education and training of deaf-mute children, and pupils of certain said Communities are admitted to the benefits of the School. From those who can afford to pay a small fee is required, but indigent children are received gratis. Except in the case of Christian pupils, the course of instruction is strictly confined to the secular branches.

Throughout the whole of India there are no fewer than 20,000 deaf-mutes, and of this number there are upwards of 15,000 in the Bombay Presidency. The Institution at Great Grant Road is the only establishment in the country for the education of this class of children.

The Committee of Management earnestly appeal to the parents and guardians of deaf mute boys to avail themselves of the advantages which the Institution offers, and at the same time would call upon the benevolent public for pecuniary aid.

Copies of the regulations of the Institution, and all necessary information respecting the admission of pupils may be had on application to the Principal, Mr. T. A. WALSH, Grant Road, Girgaum.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI PEROZBAI widow and administratrix of the late COWASJEE NOWROJEE BAMJEE has contracted to SELL All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement and dwelling house and a shop standing thereon, situate lying and being at Bazar Gate Street, Fort, in the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 123 4-9 square yards, be the same a little more or less and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the north by the property of Framjee Nowrojee Jeewanjee Mody, on or towards the south by the property of Framjee Rustomjee Dossabhai Banoowalla, on or towards the east by a passage called Boomlechore Lane, and on or towards the west by Bazar Gate Street aforesaid, in the registration sub-district of Bombay Fort-East in the book of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 618, new No. 5/4, new Survey Nos. 404 and 105, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 2026, street Nos. of the whole premises are at present in the occupation of Dr. Arsekar Jamsetjee Bhajeewalla as a monthly tenant.

ALL persons having any claims against or to the said property either by way of Inheritance, Gift, Sale, Mortgage, Lien, Lease, or otherwise howsoever, are her by required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their office, No. 22, Meadows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same if any will be considered as waived. Dated this 22rd day of December 1886.

NANU & HORMASJEE,
Purchaser's Attornies.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE CUTCH HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW OF 1886—87.

THE THIRD CUTCH HORSE and CATTLE SHOW will be held on the 16th January 1887, and the following days, at Kharasra in Bhuj.

PATRON.
HIS HIGHNESS THE RAO OF CUTCH.

COMMITTEE.
PRESIDENT, COL. G. R. GOODFELLOW, POLITICAL AGENT, CUTCH.

MEMBERS.
COLONEL C. J. S. CAHILL.
LIEUTENANT ASHBY.
THE DEWAN OF CUTCH.
RAO A JALAMSINGJI.
JADEJA JIAJI.
THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER
THE POLICE COMMISSIONER.

JUDGES.
The Superintendent Horse-Breeding Operations and three other Gentlemen to be appointed hereafter.

CUTCH HORSE SHOW 1886—87.

CONDITIONS.

1. The Rules for the guidance of the Judging Committee herewith published will be in force.
2. In Class III money prizes for "mares in foal" will be withheld until the expected mule is born.

	PRIZES.					
	1st Kores.	2nd Kores.	3rd Kores.	4th Kores.	5th Kores.	Total Kores.
CLASS I.						
Branded mares bred in India 14·1 and over in foal to or with foal at foot by Government Stallion	200	150	100	75	50	25 600
CLASS II.						
The same under 14·1	100	75	50	25	...	.. 250
CLASS III.						
Branded mares or others in foal to Donkey stallion or having mule at foot. (see condition 2.)	75	50	25	...	..	.. 150
CLASS IV.						
Colts and fillies under two years, sucklings excluded.	75	50	30	20	15	10 200
CLASS V.						
Two years old fillies bred in the country	100	75	50	25	..	.. 250
CLASS VI.						
Three years old fillies bred in Do	115	85	50	30	20	.. 300
CLASS VII.						
Geldings under two years bred in Do	150	100	75	50	..	.. 375
CLASS VIII.						
Geldings over two years and under three years	150	100	75	50	..	.. 375
CLASS IX.						
Geldings over three years and under four years	150	100	75	50	..	.. 375
CLASS X.						
All horses and mares over 14 hands	100	75	25	..	..	.. 200
CLASS XI.						
All horses and mares for sale at the Show as remount	150	100	75	..	..	.. 325
CLASS XII.						
Galloway between 13.2 and 14 hands	100	75	25	..	..	.. 200
CLASS XIII.						
Ponies, 13.2 hands and under	100	75	25	..	..	.. 200
CLASS XIV.						
Mules bred in this country under two years	75	50	..	..	..	.. 125
CLASS XV.						
Mules bred in this country 2 years old and upwards	100	75	..	..	..	.. 175
CLASS XVI.						
Donkeys	75	50	..	..	..	.. 125
CLASS XVII.						
Camels	125	100	75	50	..	.. 350
					Total Kores.	4575

	Prizes.				
	1st Kores.	2nd Kores.	3rd Kores.	4th Kores.	Total Kores.
CLASS I.					
Best bull, any breed, under 6 years.	50	30	20	..	100
Do. do. 4 do.	35	25	15	..	75
Do. do. 2 do.	25	15	10	..	50
CLASS II.					
Best pair of trotting bullocks for Shigram, any breed ..	150	75	50	..	275
Best pair of bullocks for agricultural purposes	150	75	50	..	275
Bullock calf	35	25	15	..	75
CLASS III.					
Milch Cow	75	30	25	..	130
Heifer	40	30	20	10	100
CLASS IV.					
Best Bull-buffaloe	60	30	20	..	100
CLASS V.					
Milch buffaloe	75	50	25	..	150
Heifer	35	15	10	..	50
CLASS VI.					
Best He-goat	10	7	..	..	17
Best She-goat	17	10	7	..	34
CLASS VII.					
Best Ram	10	7	..	..	17
Best Ewe	17	10	7	..	34
			Total Kores.		1502

RULES.

I. Only bona fide horse-breeders and dealers will be allowed to compete for the above prizes. The Judging Committee will decide as to the eligibility of Competitors. Prizes awarded to those declining money prize shall be in the form of Honorary Diploma.

II. A mare of 4 years of age, or less, in foal or with foal at foot, the result of having been covered before 4 years of age, will not be eligible to compete.

III. No mares or stock will be allowed to compete as "served by Government Stallions" or "got by Government Stallions" unless a certificate to that effect is produced by the exhibitor. These certificates are obtainable from officers in charge of Stallions.

IV. Intending exhibitors should reach Kharasra on the 16th January 1887 and immediately on arrival apply to the Secretary of the Judging Committee for a ticket or tickets as the case may be stating the class in which they propose to compete. No entries will be received after this date.

V. They should, if possible, at least 2 weeks before the opening of the Exhibition enumerate, in a letter to the Secretary, the exhibits which they mean to send with their description. The inability to send such information, however, does not debar exhibitors from entering their Stock on the 15th January 1887, but it is particularly requested that they should use every endeavour to comply with the above.

VI. Each ticket will be worn by the animal as a token of its right to compete.

VII. When the tickets are given, the Secretary will name the date, hour and place at the Show, when and where horses should be brought for examination.

VIII. Prizes will be awarded on the day appointed by the President of the Judging Committee.

IX. A certificate (parvana) will be given to each winner of a prize.

X. Discretion is to be used by the Judging Committee in awarding only a portion of prizes to any class, if the Stock of that class be not considered worthy of all prizes noted, and the money not awarded may be devoted to the giving of extra prizes in other classes deemed by the Judging Committee as worthy of them, as it is the desire of the Kutch Durbar to award the total sum granted, provided any of the classes of stock competing are in any way worthy of it.

XI. The system of marks will be adopted as follows:—

Soundness	25
Power	25
Quality	25
Produce (if any)	25
Total	100
If no produce, the total will be	75
All other stock—	
Soundness	25
Power	25
Quality	25
Action	25
Total	100

Marks for action have not been accorded to mares, as some competing may be too heavy in foal to allow of their action being shown. The Judging Committee are requested to be good enough to attach a return to their reports showing the number of the several marks allotted to winners of prizes.

N.B.—The above Show may be taken advantage of by the Public as a fair for the sale of all description of stock and arrangements will be made accordingly for pens outside the Show for any animals for sale brought by owners, and tickets stating their price will be issued to owners on application to the Honorary Secretary.

2. To constitute a gelding both testicles must have been excised.

3. Animals attending the Show will be supplied gratis with 1lb ration of food during the time the Fair and Show last.

XII. Owners wishing to sell should apply to the Honorary Secretary who will supply them with tickets stating the fact and the price asked.

J. S. A. HBY,
Honorary Secretary.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD. CHEMISTS.

PHARMACY AND DISPENSING.

THIS Department of the Company's business is under the special care of a thoroughly QUALIFIED PHARMACIST (by examination) of great experience, both in London and Provincial Houses; the dispensing of Prescriptions and the Preparation of Medicines are carried on under his immediate supervision.

The Company have in their service a very large staff of English Chemists of extensive and varied experience, qualified in London by Examination.

All Drugs and Chemicals, before being taken into stock, undergo a careful analysis so as to fully ascertain their quality and purity.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS & APPLIANCES.

The attention of Medical Men and Dispensaries, etc., is called to the extensive range of our stock in this Department. New Instruments of every kind are constantly being added. Agents for Messrs. ARNOLD SONS, Surgical Instrument Makers to her Majesty's Government.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION

Of all kinds of Optical, Mathematical, Philosophical, Meteorological and Surveying Instruments.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.,
(CHEMISTS TO THE GOVERNOR.)
MANUFACTURERS OF RATHED WATERS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CHEESES.

CLOSTER,	STILTON,	GORGONZOLA,	GRUYERE,
Finest rich,	In jars, only,	Rich and mild,	Selected creamy mild,
Per lb., As. 14, in cut.	Per 4 lb. as 1 s. 6.	Per lb. Rs. 1-6.	Per lb., As. 14.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

RUGS, BLANKETS, MAUDS, PILLOWS.

"ALL TEXTURES AND COLOURS."

"LARGE CHOICE FOR THE COLD WEATHER."

RUGS.	Rs.	A.
THE "MOFUSSIL," a capital Rug for the districts, long, wide, soft, and warm, the best value in India.	14 16	0 0
The "RAJAH," Best wool, in a variety of cheerful colours; a first-rate Carriage Rug	20 22	0 0
THE "EN ROUTE" WRAPPER, very light, soft, and warm	28	0
THE SANDRINGHAM, one of the lightest Rugs made, very warm, in a variety of neat colours, reversible, suitable for Ladies ...	36 40	0 0

REAL WHITNEY BLANKETS.		
Best white, made from fine Wool	26	0
Superfine do. do. extra large ...	36	0
Scarlet, useful for Travelling	24	0
Superfine, extra large	32	0
Arctic Down Quilts, very light and warm, covered chintz sateen	27	0

SCOTCH MAUDS.		Rs.	A.
THE HEATHER	In a variety of shades, mixtures, checks, &c.	20	0
THE SKIDDOW			
FINE VECUNA	A very useful Wrapper, also full material for a Travelling Suit	28 35	0 0
THE GRAMPION			
		40	0
REAL HUNTING TARTANS, very handsome		45	0

PILLOWS.		
BEST ENGLISH HORSE HAIR	7	8
Do. do. FEATHER	7	8
OAK OR RAILWAY PILLOWS	2	0
EIDER DOWN, covered with soft Turkey chintz, very light, comfortable, and easy to pack	4 7 12	12 12 0

SPECIAL V. P. P., OR CASH PRICES.

HOAR & CO., OUTFITTERS, &c., BOMBAY.

BEER AND STOUT.

WE desire to call special attention to the undermentioned brands, for which we are sole Agents in this Presidency. We can strongly recommend them as being in every way suitable for consumption in India, as they have been specially brewed of a light gravity to meet the prevailing taste.

READ BROTHERS' BOTTLING.

BASS'S ALE, "Dog's-head" bottling—			
Per case of 3 dozen quarts	Rs.	17	4 Cash.
Per case of 6 dozen pints	"	24	0 "
GUINNESS' STOUT, "Dog's-head" bottling—			
Per case of 3 dozen quarts	"	17	4 "
Per case of 6 dozen pints	"	24	0 "

JOHN AITCHISON & Co., EDINBURGH.

LIGHT BRILLIANT ALE, "Chariot" brand—			
Per case of 4 dozen quarts	"	22	0 "
Per case of 8 dozen pints	"	30	0 "

GEO. YOUNGER AND SON, ALLOA.

INDIA PALE ALE, "Revolver" brand—			
Per case of 3 dozen quarts	"	16	8 "
Per case of 6 dozen pints	"	22	8 "
Per hogshead of about 54 gallons	"	60	0 "

WILLIAM McEWAN.

INDIA PALE ALE—			
Per hogshead of about 52 gallons	"	60	0 "

PILSENER BEER.

FRUSCHOPPEN, our own selection—			
Per case of 3 dozen quarts	"	16	8 "
Per case of 6 dozen pints	"	22	8 "

SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS AND MESSES.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

BANJOS!

S. ROSE CO.,
BOMBAY.

BANJOS!

BANJOS WITH MACHINE HEADS.

	Rs.	a.
Seven-stringed Banjo, with machine head, electro-plated hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	75	0
Do. do. with polished oak hoop, and electro-plated rim and fittings, in case (fretted)	65	0
Do. do. with inlaid wooden hoop and handle, with brass fittings, in case	55	0
Do. do. with plated hoop and brass fittings, fretted)	60	0
Do. do. with brass hoop and fittings, plain handle, in case (fretted)	55	0
Do. do. with brass hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	50	0
Six-stringed Banjo, with machine head, walnut hoop and brass fittings, in case (fretted)	45	0

BANJOS!

BANJOS WITH PEG HEADS.

Six-stringed Banjo with peg head, American pattern (Dobson's Patent), covered in at the back, in case (fretted)	75	0
Seven-stringed Banjo (ordinary shape), with rosewood hoop, and electro-plated fittings, in case (fretted)	50	0
Seven-stringed Banjo with rosewood hoop, and electro-plated fittings (fretted). Fitted with Wallis' patent screw pegs that will not slip, in case	75	0

BANJOS!

CHEAP BANJOS, OF GOOD QUALITY, WITHOUT CASES.

Seven-stringed Banjo, peg head, brass hoop	20	0
Do. do. wood hoop, American pattern	15	0
Six-stringed Banjo, peg head, brass hoop	18	0
Do. do. wood hoop, American pattern	13	0
Do. do. oak hoop	13	0
Do. do. inlaid	12	0
Five-stringed Banjo, with peg head, brass hoop	15	0
Do. do. inlaid	12	0

BANJOS!

PICCOLO BANJOS.

Seven-stringed Banjo, plated hoop, machine head, in case complete	40	0
Do. with machine head and circular copper dome-shaped hoop, and brass fittings (Japanese model)	25	0
Six-stringed Piccolo Banjo, with peg head, rosewood hoop and handle, inlaid	13	0
Do. do. with brass hoop	10	0
Do. do. (parchment nailed on)	8	0

BANJOS!

TAMBOURINES WITH SCREWED PARCHMENT HEADS.

4 inches in diameter	12	0
12 do.	9	0
11 do.	8	0
9 do. with tacked head	8	
9 do. electro-plated metal hoop	12	

BANJOS!

ALL KINDS OF INSTRUMENTS
KEPT IN STOCK.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST, POST FREE.

BANJOS! S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF KEY-WINDING WATCHES.

OWING to the increasing demand for KEYLESS WATCHES, the Directors of the Company have resolved, with a view to make room for a new stock shortly expected, and which is specially manufactured for Indian wear under the direct supervision of our Mr. Marcks, during his recent visit to Europe, to dispose of the present stock at greatly Reduced Prices.

The greater number of these Watches are fitted with highly finished movements and carefully adjusted.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

If Mofussil purchasers will kindly describe the kind of Watch they need, and state the amount they desire to invest, we shall give our careful attention to the orders being promptly attended to.

A written guarantee accompanies each Watch, besides Case, Spare Glass, and Spare Mainspring.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER.
BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY malt amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

DRAUGHT ALE AND STOUT.
MEAKIN'S.

Deccan Brewery Ale or Stout, per Barrel of 5 gallons ...Rs. 9 0

Casks charged Rs. 3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RETURN OF THE FAVOURITE QUADRUPED ARTISTS,
ALFRED THEATRE.
EVERY EVENING, AT 9 P.M.,
EXCEPT SATURDAYS, until further notice.
MR. J. WOLF.
The celebrated trainer of the FOUR LEGGED ARTISTS, will give his FIRST GRAND OPENING NIGHT ON MONDAY, THE 10TH JANUARY, 1887.
With his well-trained and most wonderfully instructed TROUPE of Dogs, Monkeys, Goats, Bears, Elephant, &c.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Rs. 2, 1, 8 as. and 4 as.
Reserved Seats at Messrs. SOUDY & Co., Ld.

GODRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY SURVEY.
A FEW SURVEYORS, CLERKS, and DRAUGHTSMEN required for the above Survey for about 6 months (five months). Applications with COPIES ONLY of TESTIMONIALS may be sent "to the Superintending Engineer in charge of Post Office, Bombay." These copies will not be returned nor will replies be sent to unsuccessful candidates, but the completion of establishment will be notified hereafter.

CHUBB & SON'S LOCK & SAFE COMPANY, LIMITED.
SOLE AGENT.
EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
WAGON BOTTOM BOARDS.
TENDERS are invited for the supply of 500 Tons Wagon Bottom Boards of Calicut Rosewood or Honteak Timber. Specifications and Form of Tender, with particulars of delivery, may be obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.
Sealed Tenders will be received by the Agent at Bombay, Parel Workshops, up to 1 p.m. (Gendre) on Wednesday, the 19th January 1887, after which hour no Tender will be entertained.
No notice will be taken of any offer unless it is received separately by post or in the Tender Box.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper's office, Parel, 7 January 1887. Storekeeper.

FOR SALE.
THE property of Captain HAMILTON, A.D.C.
FLORA, Bay c.h. mare aged 13-1. W.I.T.C. certificate, winner of many races. A perfect polo pony and pleasant hack. Very good in harness.
BAY, c.b. Mare aged 13-1. Very fast and handsome. A promising polo pony. Good mouth.
GREY, c.h. Mare, 5 years, 13-3. An exceptionally fast trapper and pleasant hack. Very fine action and good mouth.
A light built pony Dogcart, by Lindover, London, built for a pony 12-2 or 13-1; lately brought out from England in excellent repair. A very nice looking cart.
A set of biscot (English leather) tandem pony harness, brass mountings, only 6 months in use with breast-plates and collars.
The 3 ponies are all believed sound and are open to Veterinary examination.
For further particulars apply to
LIEUT. WARNER,
Marine Battalion, Marine Lines.

NOTICE is hereby given that HAJEE ABDUL bin SHAIK ESMAIL KHATIB has contracted to sell the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No 23, Hampart Row, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same, if any, shall be considered to have been waived and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground belonging to Jamangir Bezanjee together with the two messuages, tenements, dwelling house or chawls standing thereon situate lying and being on the Western side of Bengalpoora or Omercarry Row, without the Fort, Bombay, in the Ward of Mandvi and Mahalbhoy Rahimtulla, and on or towards the South by the Bengalpoora or Omercarry Cross Row,—Dated this 31st day of December 1886.
THAKURDAS, DHARAMSI AND CAMA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

ACCORDEONS!
ACCORDEONS!!
From Rs. 7-8 and upwards.
MORENAS AND CO.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS.

FANS! FANS! FANS!!!
IVORY!
SILK!
SATIN!!!
MOTHER-OF-PEARL, IN GREAT VARIETY
FOR PRESENTATION.
1 to Rs. 100 each.
Orders are promptly executed.
MORENAS AND Co.,
SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

MORENAS AND CO.'S
GOLD PEN.
GOLD PEN AND PENCILS.
SILVER PEN AND PENCILS,
SCENT BOTTLES.
MORENAS & Co.,
15, Medows Street.

PHOTO FRAMES.
Rich Plush Frames.
Carved Wood Frames.
Gilt Moulded Frames.
Crystal Mounts or Frames.
Gold, Glass, Gold, and Maroon Border.
Cut and Engraved Border.
MORENAS AND CO.,
ICED CONFECTIONERS.

ALBUMS.
Plush, Morocco or Russia Leather.
Plain, Floral or Musical.
Mounted with Nickel-Plated Shield.
Gilt Edges, Patent Clasp.
Bijou, Cabinet, Carte-de-Visite,
Octavo, Quarto.
MORENAS & Co.,
15, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

THE FIRST EIGHT VOLUMES
OF
THE IMPERIAL GAZETTEER OF INDIA.
BY
W. W. HUNTER, C.S.I., C.I.E., LL.D,
to be completed in about Twelve Volumes.
Price of Complete Set, Rs. 40-0.
COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited;
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LETTS'S DIARY FOR 1887.
POCKET DIARIES.
SCRIBBLING DIARIES.
OFFICE DIARIES.
DIARIES OF ALL DESCRIPTION.
Price List sent Post free on application.
COOPER, MADON AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GABORIAN AND DU BOISGOBEY.
SENSATIONAL NOVELS.
The Favourite Reading of Prince Bismarck.
Price: Cash annas 10; Credit annas 11; Post Free, annas 12 per Vol.
IN PERIL OF HIS LIFE
LEROUGE CASE
LECOQ, THE DETECTIVE, 2 VOLS
GILDED CLIQUE
OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY
SLAVES OF PARIS, 2 VOLS.
DOSSIER, No. 113
MYSTERY OF ORCIVAL
COUNT'S MILLIONS, 2 VOLS
LITTLE OLD MAN OF BATIGNOLLES
INTRIGUES OF A POISONER
OLD AGE, THE LECOQ, THE DETECTIVE, 2 VOLS
SEVERED HAND
IN THE SERPENTS' COILS
DAY OR BE KONING, 2 VOLS
BERTHA'S SECRET
WHO DIED LAST?
SAILOR'S PRETTY WIFE
ANGEL OF THE CHIMES
MATAPUN AFFAIR
CRIME OF THE OPERA HOUSE, 2 VOLS
FIGHT FOR A FORTUNE
GOLDEN PIG, 2 VOLS
THUMB STROKE
CORAL PIN, 2 VOLS
PRETTY BABIOLE
HIS GREAT REVENGE, 2 VOLS
COOPER, MADON and Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE hereby give notice that we have AUTHORISED Mr. W. SHAW to SIGN for our Firm per PROCURATION.
JOHN FLEMING & Co.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very desirable Upper-storied BUNGALOW on Cumballa consisting of a Drawing, Dining, Four Bed, Dressing and Bath Rooms, &c. for rent and other particulars apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row. House Agent.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

WANTED an experienced BOOK-KEEPER, who can also write English Correspondence and make himself generally useful in a merchant's office. Apply, enclosing copies of testimonials and stating what salary required, to A. B., care of this Paper.

SINGLE-SEATED BROUGHAM, neat and light, by T. Startin & Sons. Apply to SORABJEE NOWROJEE, Girgaum.

4 WHEELED DOGCART with Brake, by Edwin Kesterton of Long Acre. To be seen at SORABJEE NOWROJEE'S Sale Rooms, Girgaum, next to Portuguese Church.

VICTORIA with MOVEABLE COACHBOXES—Apply to SORABJEE NOWROJEE, Girgaum.

BUGGY by SILK and SONS, on view at SORABJEE NOWROJEE'S Girgaum.

OFFICE SHIGRAM and DOOR SHIGRAM, by Simpson, of Madras; and other Carriages, to be seen at SORABJEE NOWROJEE'S, Girgaum.

HARNESS, ENGLISH, Two Sets, Sets SORABJEE NOWROJEE, near Portuguese Church, Girgaum.

A LADY, going to England in the spring, wishes to take charge of one or two children in return for her passage. Address to C. M., Post Master, Amraoti.

INDIAN FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL AND IN-STRUCTION SOCIETY.—This Society's English and Vernacular Schools in Girgaum will RE-OPEN on TUESDAY the 11th January 1887.

PEOPLE about to have XMAS TREES will do well by inquiring at SHROFF BROTHERS before purchasing elsewhere. Hundreds of Varieties at Cheapest Prices. Best Certificates from most Xmas Trees.

THERMOMETERS, MAXIMUM and MINIMUM Plain and Ornamented. Guaranteed correct registering. An assortment just unpacked. Inspection respectfully solicited. MARCKS and Co., Ld., opposite the Clock Tower.

IF you really want first class Ice Cream, go to the VIENNA CONFECTIONER, 25 Church Gate Street, where you can also have Spirits and Wines of the best quality.

THE best Sweets and the most delicious Confectionery from Paris and London can only be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street, also rich Fans, Pious Bags, Ladies' Companions and various other articles, at very moderate prices.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.'S SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES are the best made machines in the world. Their bobbins can be wound up without removing the work or running the machines. Particulars and price list post free. 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

WILLS in four different forms. Annas 8 each.

A COMPOUNDER REQUIRED. Apply TREACHER & Co., Byculla.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

IF you wish to have a real good time keeper fully worth the money you spend, go to KANNY & Co., Watchmakers, Goldsmiths, 6, Rampart Row.

THE TENACIOUS.—Ladies' Black Canvas Lawn Tennis Shoes, just received a fresh consignment, Rs. 9-8.—Badham, Pile & Co.,d. Bombay.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1 Esplanade, next to Gymkhana, and opposite to the Parade Ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

BOOK OF BOMBAY.—Illustrating the TOPOGRAPHY and HISTORY of BOMBAY and WESTERN INDIA. Cloth bound, Demy 8vo., Rs. 5.

WANTED a PARTNER with 10 to 15 thousand Rupees in a lucrative firm, 10 per cent. interest guaranteed. Apply W. X., care of the *Bombay Gazette*.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1887. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED a HINDOO or a PORTUGUESE CLERK who has a good knowledge of mercantile accounts and can write a fast and good hand. Apply to "C. F. D." care of this Paper.

SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.—The Scottish High school, Byculla, and the John Connon school, Fort, will be RE-OPENED on MONDAY, the 10th inst.
JOHN FERGUSON, Hon. Secretary.

ROLLED Iron Shafting, ½" to 6" diameter, with Butler's Patent Reversible Couplings, as exhibited by the Kirkstall Forge Co. at the Calcutta Exhibition. For sale at Richardson & Cruddas' Metal Mart, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.—SENSITIZED PAPER in hermetically sealed tin cylinders of 1-3rd quire each, Rs. 5-8 per tin.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED.—Scotch Mauds, Austrian Rugs Railway Rugs, Red, White and Blue Woollen Blankets All of the very best quality and at most moderate prices.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow-street

TWEED SUITS.—All wool, a splendid assortment just opened out, a rare opportunity, from Rs. 14-8 to 25. S. B. Coat and Trousers, a stylish fit guaranteed.—Y. A. LACKA and Co., Civil, Military and Naval Tailors, Fort.

"WHY PAY MORE".—White Kid Gloves from Re. 1-12 per pair. White Arasa ties 2 as. each. Dress pumps Rs. 6-15 per pair. Silk Handkerchiefs Re. 1-8 each. THE CASH BAZAAR, Limited, Gentlemen's Outfitters, Church Gate Street.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES.—The first day's races will be ran on the Mahalaxmee Race-course, on SATURDAY the 8th January 1887. Tickets for admission to the Grand Stand and Enclosures can be obtained from LUDHA EBRAIM & Co., Byculla.

CHOCOLAT CREAMS, Barley Sugar Everton Soffa Strong Mixts, &c.—PEARS Apollo-Street.

THE WATERBURY WATCH,
PRICE Rs. 8-8.
Silver-Nickeled case, keyless wind.—keeps time to a minute a month.

CHEAPEST TIME KEEPING WATCH—200,000 sold in Europe, in 12 months. Made in the Company's factory in America entirely by machinery. All the parts absolutely interchangeable.
PRICE Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY WATCH is not so likely to get out of order having less than one-half the parts of any other Watch. Handsome, Strong and Correct. The Watch for rough wear and hot climates.
PRICE Rs. 8-8.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO. guarantees that each Watch has been run in varying positions for at least 10 days. A guarantee for one year is given with each watch.

THE COMPANY undertakes to repair their Watches at any time for a sum never greater than
ONE RUPEE.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
Free and Safe by Parcel Post in satin lined box.
PRICE Rs. 8-12.
Free and safe by V. P. Post Rs. 8-14.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
Can be purchased of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Rampart Row, or of Mr. J. RANGEER B. KURRANEE, Parsee Bazaar Street. All communications and Watches for repair to be sent to the Waterbury Watch Co., Remington Building, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO.
Agents wanted throughout the Country.
TERMS ON APPLICATION.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.
THE INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE,
A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, steam-boats and Dák companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill-sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured Map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Postage Free published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICE.
SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!
AT A REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.
FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.
GENERAL STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
FOR
LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.
COMPLETE SUITS, Trowsers, Frock Coats, Dress Coats, Morning Coats and Over Coats for Gentlemen.
Complete Suits, Trowsers and Over Coats in every description for Boys and Children.
Ulsters, Mantels and Mantalets, &c., &c. for Ladies.
Just received a beautiful lot of Bid and leather Shoe and Slippers for Ladies.
Waterproof Coats, Coloured and Black Ties for Gents and Children
AT
MAISON LOUIS STRAUCH.
NO. 20, CHURCH GATE-STREET, FORT.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE of valuable and handsome marble-topped and artistic design household furniture, excellent partition screens, rich kerosine lamps, valuable pictures, beautiful table ornaments and China vases, marble figure, variety of stuffed birds, golden fishes, Agra made hall carpets, white lace curtains, sets of rich cut star glassware, handsome porcelainware and best plated ware, books, &c. &c., the property of R. MACEWEN, Esq., will be sold by Public Auction by Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co., at Victoria Gardens, Byculla, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 8th January 1887, at 1-30 p.m.
At 3 p.m. I open carriage with horse and harness, lady's riding saddle with bridle, the property of another gentleman. Catalogues published.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, January 6, 1887.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET.

SALE OF COFFEE.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 8th January at 3 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Bhoojwara Mohoolla, near Jackeria Masjid, by order and in the warehouse of Memon Ellias Abdoolla, and on account and at the risk of Sha Damjee Khimjee—
109 bags coffee "Dedi." The bags, No. 1, A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at time of sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS TEAK SCANTLINGS.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder by order of Mr. Thuquerdas Bhagla.—
Ex. s. s. Clyde.
150 tons superior 1st and 2nd class teak scantlings of various sizes.
In lots to suit purchasers.
On account and at the risk of Hajee Jamal Fazul—
About 25 tons teak scantlings, 3 by 4.
" 9 " " 2 by 4.
On account and at the risk of Hajee Tar Mahomed Ameen—
About 8 tons teak scantlings, marked T in triangle
" 2 " " " LM
" 2 " " " 3 by 1.
On account and at the risk of Hajee Guany Sulliman—
About 22 tons teak scantlings 6 by 12
" 14 " " " 6 by 2

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 8th Jan., sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cotton Street, Fort, above Mr. Ewart's, the valuable and handsome French-polished carved and plain black wood and teakwood furniture, handsome bed, brass pivoted ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome tables, ornaments and flower vases, globes and hanging lamps, rich Brussels carpets, fine rare pictures, &c., the property of H. Macpherson, Esq. The same comprise 2 set China glassware, dinner, de sert and breakfast services, plated cruetstand, breakfast cruet, tea-pluinger, egg-frame, tea and coffee-service, spoons and forks, and French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as drawing-room, dining, bed, side, dressing and sofa tables, sideboard, centre pot, conversation and reclining couches, lady's writing table, chiffonier, hat and umbrella stand, ivory bedstead, wardrobe, single door sinyrah, chest of drawers, marble topped washhand table and round table, clothes press, drawing-room, folding, rocking, easy, arm and without arm chairs, table and dining lamps, corner stands, hat and umbrella stand with mirror back, chromo and oil paintings, dressing and cheval glasses, carpets, table ornaments, flower vases, &c.
Property on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
On MONDAY next, the 10th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms,
1 bales grey shirtings.
10 bales grey choties.
5 bales T red shirtings and cambrics.
5 cases printed muslins.
7 cases prints.
20 cases each 120 doz. white Windsor soap.
25 cases each 60 doz. white Windsor soap.
10 cases each 60 doz. brown Windsor soap.
25 cases each 60 doz. yellow honey soap.
20 cases each 120 doz. yellow honey soap.
1 Collapsible canoe with oar.
By order of Messrs. B. Ferozshaw & Co., and on account and at the risk of Mr. Pasu Dossa—
F J 5621—3 cases rich Bohemian glassware, consisting of 1 set decorated candlebra, flower vases and pots, gilt and decorated hookah cups and saucers, preserver bottles, of sorts, rich sherbet bottles and other stamboul glassware.
On account and at the risk of Dawoodbhoy Kaubhoy.—
H & Co. 305 311—109 1-12 doz scent bottles.
By 2 P.M.
1 light and handsome victoria.
1 light buggy.
1 second-hand brougham.
and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

READYMADE CLOTHES FOR SALE.
On MONDAY next the 10th instant at 3 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by public Auction at their Rooms.
Gentlemen's and boy's suits, children's linen suits, alpacca and cashmere overcoats, boys' overcoats and trousers, &c.
ON view at the rooms of the undersigned.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS TEAKSQUARES.
On THURSDAY next the 13th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co will sell by Public Auction at Kassra Bunder.
100 tons superior 1st class teaksquares
100 do. do. 2nd do.
In lots to suit purchasers.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, January 8, 1887.

MME. FLORENTINE,
FRENCH DRESSMAKER.
(162, GIRGAUM BACKROAD, NEAR SIR MUNGULDASS NUTHOOBHOY'S.)
BEGS TO INTIMATE to her numerous customers and pat ons that she undertakes the cleaning and making like new of all kinds of materials, such as SILK, WOOL, FLANNEL, CASHMERE, GLOVES, LACE, EMBROIDERY in GOLD and SILVER, FEATHERS, HATS, &c.
TERMS MODERATE, on application.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Ld.
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Ernest Irroy's Carte d'or	Rs. 50 0	Rs. 58 0
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BOMBAY

TO-DAY.

Cycle Race Sky Rates, Mahableshwar Races-course, 2 p.m.

Bombay Ramblers' Bandstand, 4 p.m.

Sports Fete, Town Hall, 4 p.m.

Grand moonlight excursion, 8-30 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Peshwa (s), from Calcutta; Carlton Tower (s), Steele, Liverpool—(ship), New Castle; and Ganges (s), Rennie.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Sisters (s), for Coast and Karachi; Bokhara (s), Steele and Triste; and Abbotsbamy (brig), Trotter, Aden and Tuticorin.

FIRE.—A fair will be held on Sunday evening at Mungalwady, and another at Nowrojee Hill this evening.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 16th December 1886 was 55,812 maunds, and in money Rs. 13,620.

THE HOMEWARD MAIL.—Major and Mrs. Burton Bennett and infant were additional passengers by the P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Bokhara, Captain B. Edwards, which sailed yesterday for London.

M. M. PATEL CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of patients during the month of December was 4,631, out of which 794 were new admissions, the daily average attendance being 149.

ARYA SUDHARNODAYA SABHA.—The third lecture in connection with the Sabha will be delivered in Hindustani by Shrimat Paramhansheeya Joggeshwar Swami at Madhav Bag to-morrow at 5-30 p.m. Subject—"Health." All Hindu gentlemen are invited.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital touching the death of Seedee Suddoo, a barber, aged 35 years. Deceased was an habitual drunkard, and died from the effects of opium which he voluntarily took on Thursday. A verdict of suicidal death was recorded.

FURIOUS DRIVING.—Behajee Baboo, a conchman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dossibhoy Framjee of driving his vehicle in a rash and negligent manner on Queen's Road on Thursday evening. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25, and to undergo a term of one week's rigorous imprisonment.

COOL AND HIBMOUS EXCURSIONS.—We would remind the public that the moonlight excursion organized by Messrs. Cook and Son takes place this evening. The steamer will leave the Apollo Bunder at 8-30 p.m., and return at 11 in time for the late trains. Special tram cars will await the arrival of the steamer. The fare has been reduced for the present occasion to Re. 1.

BOMBAY HUNT.—A special train for the Andheri meet, which honours are intended, will leave Church Gate Station (Madras time) 4-30, Grant Road 5-45, Bandora 6, Andheri 6-15. Members wishing to travel, who have not already sent in their names, are requested to do so to H. W. Buckland, Hon. Sec., Bombay Hunt, Esplanade Road. Horses must be at the loading platform of the Grant Road Station not later than 4 a.m.

A CHRISTMAS CAROUSAL FEAST.—The annual feast of the Epiphany, the Titular of the Church of Gorai in Salsette, will be held this year on Sunday, all the expenses in connection therewith being defrayed by Mr. Matheus DeMello. The Mass will commence at 10-30 a.m., and the proceedings will be brought to a termination with the Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament, which will be exposed on the altar during the ceremony for the adoration of the faithful. The preacher selected for the occasion is Rev. Andrew M. Gonsalves, vicar of Utan.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Sir William Cairns, KCMG, Ceylon.
Sir C and Lady Leslie, BSC, Jamalpore.
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Mr W N Toulmin, Indore.
Mrs Toulmin, England.
Col Becher, Equerry to H R H the Duke of Connaught, Poona.
Surgeon-Major and Mrs Preston, Mount Abu.
Capt and Mrs C D Poer Beresford, RE, R Pindi.
Nawab M H A Khan.
Mr Biddulph, England.
Major J M Hunter, BSC, England.
Mr Boggs, Bombay.
Mr and Mrs Sanders, Poona.
Mr G Brown.
Mr H E Watts, XIV Regt.
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Genl F Gregg.
Mr and Mrs Mink.
Mr and Mrs N W Fox Strangways, CS, Raipore.
Lieut-Col Baber.
Mr A I Murray, Kirkee.
Lieut C R Day, Poona.
Mr Knowlys, Deputy Commissioner, Basim.
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Mr and Mrs H Studd, Calcutta.
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Mr Watson, England.
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Mr W Harper, England.
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Mr Ludlow, Calcutta.
Mr Brown, Calcutta.
Mr Volpert, Paris.
Miss Costello.
Mr W G Saunders, Panjab.
Mr Neill.
Mrs Dunsterville, Panwell.
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Lieut Paxton, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Leishman, H M's Troopship Serapis.

Capt and Mrs Bagnall, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Mr and Mrs A Richardson, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Swanson, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Daunt, 7th D Guards, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Paton, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Pearse, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Col and Mrs Mackinnon, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Mrs Boehener, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Grant, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Lucas, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Mrs Eyres, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Robins, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Newbold, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Col and Mrs Wahab, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut A L Harries, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Col Steddy, H M's Troopship Serapis.
Lieut Douglas Hamilton, H M's Troopship Serapis.
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Mrs Urquhart, H M's Troopship Serapis.
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Mr W E Cooper, Cawapore.
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Mr D Rae, Bombay.
Mr E M Walton, Bombay.
Mr Gahan.
Mr Pope, Ceylon.
Mr and Mrs Barton.
Mr Mark Wadia, Bombay.
Mr B G Webb, Bombay.
Mr Jervis, Bombay.
Mr Chatfield, England.
Surg-Maj and Mrs Major, England.
Mr A Schmid, Bombay.
Baron de Gunzburg.
Mr and Mrs A Macdonald.
Mr F Davidge.

Residents left during the week marked (*) thus.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 4th instant:—

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 16th December, stating that when the dredger cleared out Carnac basin a flat rock with its apex at 7½ on T. H. D. was exposed, the surrounding soundings reduced to about 71, and that the rock in question is likely to be a cause of injury to craft frequenting the basin. He states that to remove the rock by blasting would cost Rs. 8,400, but that he thinks a strong iron mast with a beacon on top would answer the purpose sufficiently well and could be made and fixed for Rs. 170. He forwards a fitho. plan showing the position of the rock referred to. Read memo. by the Mo Manager, dated 20th December, stating that it would be desirable to have the rock removed altogether, but on account of the cost of doing so, he considers that an iron mast might be fixed on the site of the rock provided the mast will be of sufficient strength to resist pressure from the boats in the basin when the basin is crowded. Resolution—The removal of the rock to 71 on T. H. D. is sanctioned at an estimated cost not exceeding Rs. 8,400. The work to be proceeded with as expeditiously as possible. The charge to be made against revenue.

Read Government Resolution No. 522, dated 27th December, directing a copy of Trustees' letter No. 5,127, dated 23rd December, on the subject of the terms on which the Dock Extension loan is to be made, especially with regard to the Sinking Fund, to be forwarded to the Government of India; and pending the receipt of orders thereon, instructing the Accountant-General to withhold the payment on 31st December of the 5 lakhs on account of the loan of 50 lakhs sanctioned by the Government of India for the Dock Extension works. Resolution.—To be recorded.

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 3rd January, asking the Trustees to sanction the purchase of a hydraulic rivetting machine with pumps and accumulator. He states that the cost will be for a Tweddell's Fielding Type portable rivetter (3 feet gap) with pumps and accumulator, Rs. 7,000. The Engineer states that the machine will enable a great deal of the heavier rivetting of the swing bridges and perhaps a portion of the gates and caisson to be done better than by hand, and that afterwards it will come in useful for the heavy rivets in the dredger bucket bottoms. The Engineer states that the plant should be a first charge against hydraulic machinery, Dock Extension Works, in which there is a surplus available, and that afterwards it can be transferred to workshop plant at a valuation. Resolution—Sanctioned to the charge to be as proposed by the Engineer.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

TILLAGE STATEMENT.

	For 2 weeks ending (1st Jan. 1887.	For 2 weeks ending 1st Jan. 1886.
Vessels in the harbour	34	36
" out of	37	35
" in	31	31
" out of	1	none.

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING PRINCE'S DOCK.

	For 2 weeks ending 31st Dec. 1886.	For 2 weeks ending 31st Dec. 1885.
Vessels entered	11	21
" remaining in Dock	10	10

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 7.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Hart.)

ALLEGED SHARE SPECULATION BY A MILL AGENT.

CHOTOOBHOOY GOVERDHUN AND OTHERS *v.* SURENDRAWALEE NEMWANEE PANDAY AND OTHERS.

HIS LORDSHIP delivered judgment in the case to-day. The plaintiffs brought this suit for an order that the defendants should make full and complete discovery of the promissory notes executed by the plaintiffs which may be in their possession or power; that they may be delivered up by them and cancelled; that meanwhile the defendants be restrained from endorsing over, parting with, or otherwise dealing with the notes; and that the suits in the Small Causes Court may be stayed until the decision of this suit, &c. Mr. Starling as Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir Hormusjee and Dinsha, appeared for the plaintiffs; the Hon. Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Buckland, appeared for the first and second defendants, Nuseerwanjee Marzwanjee Pandy and Gulbai his wife; and Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by the same solicitors, appeared for Munoherjee Framjee Tumboloe, Dinsha Dosabhoy Cursranee, and Sulleman Alfybhoy, the third, fourth, and fifth defendants respectively.

His Lordship in giving judgment, said that, after going carefully through the very voluminous evidence in the case, he had been confirmed in the opinion he was inclined to form at the close of the opening speech of the plaintiff's counsel that the suit ought to be dismissed. Shortly described, it was one for the discovery and cancellation of certain promissory notes payable on demand, alleged to have been passed without consideration. As a general rule the burden of proof was on the plaintiffs alleging the affirmative of a proposition, which was denied by the defendant. In such a case as the present, where the affirmative proposition implied behaviour on the part of the plaintiff inconsistent with the rule of ordinary human conduct, the burden was somewhat heavier than in cases where the propositions were *prima facie* of equal probability so far as they were tested by that rule. It then became necessary for the plaintiff not only to offer evidence of the fact which he alleged, but to explain the circumstances which led to his having acted in an unusual way. Such circumstances might be more or less strange in themselves according to the degree of probability of the fact to which they lead, but at least the connection between them and that fact must be shown; and the explanation must be reasonably consistent in itself. The plaintiff would be held to have proved his case if the story so presented, as a whole, more recommended itself than the counter-statement of the defendant to the limited intelligence of an ordinarily reasonable human being judging between them by the light of his every-day experience of ordinary human affairs. Nearer the truth than this one could not get in matters incapable of mathematical demonstration, as to which there was a direct conflict of testimony between the only persons to whom the truth is known. Applying these principles to the present case, the plaintiffs, in order to succeed, must not only allege that between them they have signed fifteen or twenty promissory notes, laying themselves under a liability to pay at any moment from Rs. 14,000 to Rs. 25,000, without either of them receiving any benefit whatever for so doing. They must also show how and why they came to act in a way so little in accordance with the ordinary rules of human conduct. And the story which they so told, when tested by those same rules must be reasonably consistent in itself; and viewed as a whole, with all the surrounding circumstances, more or less improbable than that told by the defendants. After receiving the evidence at great length, his Lordship said it was clear from the plaintiff's description of their own character, and admissions as to their own conduct, that they were persons, to whose statements even on oath regarding disputed facts no reasonable being could attach the slightest credence unless he found them materially corroborated by independent witnesses or undisputed facts. In regard to the case against the defendants other than the first two, his Lordship found absolutely no corroboration, but material and credible contradiction of the plaintiffs. There was no fact, admitted or proved, tending to show nefarious conduct on the part of any of these defendants, on which could be based any presumption damaging to their credit such as existed against the plaintiffs on their own admissions. The story told by them was more probable than that told by the plaintiffs, and they had consistently adhered to it throughout, namely, that the notes passed to them were for actual loans of money made to the plaintiffs on the dates mentioned in the notes. In two instances at least these notes distinctly proved that the plaintiffs were not telling the truth now in saying that, at the time of execution, they were entirely ignorant of all the particulars stated in the notes. Regarding an alleged substitution, his Lordship thought that the defendants' explanation was at least more intelligent than the plaintiffs'. The whole of the plaintiffs' story in regard to the notes held by the defendants other than the first two was, his Lordship remarked, entirely false. This to his Lordship's mind must greatly invalidate their testimony regarding the notes held by the first two defendants; for as they shaped their case, it was all part and parcel of the same story. It was no doubt true that litigants were apt to supplement a true case with falsehood. It was also not improbable that the plaintiffs, with a good case as regarded the notes held by the first two defendants, might attempt to include in it the notes held by the other defendants, making a wide cast of their net, so to speak, in the hope thereby of securing all possible advantages to themselves; and his Lordship said he should be one of the last to act on the maxim *falsus in uno falsus in omnibus*, which had always appeared to him specially framed to save an indolent judge the trouble of considering all the evidence before him. At the same time when he found a great portion of a story told as a whole to be undoubtedly false, he could not but consider with great suspicion the remaining portion, the truth of which from the nature of the case was doubtful from the outset, and the burden of proving which was on the plaintiffs. Now, if the story which the plaintiffs told were true, even as to the ten notes only passed to the first two defendants, one would expect to find it independently corroborated on certain material points in the case which his Lordship mentioned. Corroboration on any of those points would be material, because while the plaintiffs alleged that they had the defendant Panday's special authority for every share transaction entered into by them on his behalf, he denied that he gave or was capable of giving it for any of these for cash, or was the period between the February and March *vayadas* between 3rd January and 6th February 1885; that on the latter date he first heard of the transactions for the February *vayadas*; that he was not then told of those for the March *vayadas*, and knew nothing of them till the vendors began to press for payment, when he instantly repudiated them. There could be no doubt that at any rate during almost the whole of January 1885, Panday was seriously ill. It might be going too far to say that he was utterly incapable of attending to any business at all on any day between the 3rd January and 6th February 1885. But it certainly seemed very improbable that he could have been in constant communication with the plaintiffs as they represented. His Lordship held that the plaintiffs had failed in discharging the burden of proof of their story as they presented it. They undertook to show that they executed these notes merely for the purpose of enabling Panday to get rid of his liability in respect of the March *vayada* shares; and that therefore the notes were without consideration. They failed in establishing their premiss; and therefore, so far as their own case was concerned, in proving their conclusion. But it was said that Panday had failed to prove the only consideration which he alleged for the making of the notes; and therefore even if the plaintiffs failed in proof of their case, yet they were entitled to the relief for which they prayed, was much as the notes must still be held to have been passed without consideration. Such an argument seemed to his Lordship open to two objections. In the first place, it amounted to a shifting of the burden of proof on the defendant before the plaintiff had succeeded in discharging the burden on him. In the second place, pushed to its legitimate conclusion, it was equivalent to saying, however ridiculous might be the case a plaintiff brought, and however false the evidence by which he sought to establish it, yet he was entitled to succeed on grounds other than those which he had chosen himself to advance. But a plaintiff seeking to be relieved from the liability he had voluntarily incurred under promissory notes, of which he admitted the execution, must surely comply with the first rule binding on those who invoke the equitable aid of the Court, namely, that he who sought equity must do equity; and how could he be said to do equity who, advanced an untenable case based upon falsehood? The argument, even if borne out by the facts established, was not one that recommended itself to one's sense of justice. In the present case, his Lordship said, it was borne out by the facts of the case, Panday's story in regard to the making of the ten notes passed to himself and his wife was more credible than told by the plaintiffs. His Lordship therefore dismissed the suit against the first two defendants as well against the others, with costs.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 38, Farringdon road, London.

GRAFFENBERG PILLS.

Sold by COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.

Price—As. 10.

These PILLS act with great mildness and may be taken at any time with benefit.

They cure all forms of Malarial Diseases and Fevers, and should be used to stimulate the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action. They are invaluable for Headache, Biliousness and Bowel Complaints.

CALENDAR—JANUARY, 1887.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon..... 1st Jan. 10h. 3m. 22·2m. a.m.
Last Quarter..... 10th, 5h. 13·2m. p.m.
New Moon..... 24th, 7h. 57·4m. a.m.

Days.	Arrangements, &c.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	High Water.	Low Water.
		h. m.	h. m.	h. m. ft.	h. m. ft.
Sat. 8	Pensioners' Parade, 6 a.m.	6 32	5 29	9 42m 10 53 a.m.	3 54m 5 51 a.m.
	Town Hall, 4 p.m.				
	Bombay Gymkhana Sky Races. Make-up Races, Ranges, Bandstand, 4 p.m.				
	Bombay Ramblers, Bandstand, 4½ p.m.				
	Cook's Moonlight Excursion, 8-30 p.m.				
Sun. 9	First Sunday after Epiphany.	6 32	5 29	10 35m 11 33 a.m.	4 44m 5 35 a.m.
Mon. 10	Bombay Presidency Association, 4 p.m.	6 32	5 29	11 31m ——	5 29m 5 30 a.m.
	Cowasji Institute, to vote thanks to Hon. Dadabhoy Nowrojee.				
	English mail expected per s.s. Rosetta.				
Tu. 11	.....	6 32	5 30	0 13m 0 13 a.m.	6 15m 6 6 a.m.
Wed. 12	Town Council, 3 p.m. Horse Show at Sir Karpur.	6 32	5 30	0 54m 0 57 a.m.	6 56m 6 50 a.m.
Thr. 13	Bombay Saw Mills Co., Meeting, 5 p.m.	6 32	5 30	1 35m 1 44 a.m.	7 43m 7 38 a.m.
Fri. 14	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. Departure of English mail per s.s. Hydaspes.	6 32	5 30	2 17m 2 33 a.m.	8 31m 8 23 a.m.

* Left Aden at 7 p.m., on Tuesday, 4th instant.

DIVINE SERVICES.

FIRST SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY, JANUARY 9.

SAINT THOMAS'S CATHEDRAL.

11 a.m.—Holy Communion. Choral. Hymns 76, 322 and 325.
10-30 a.m.—Matins and Sermon by the Rev. E. S. Hall.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. A. Goldwyn Lewis. Hymns—Brightest and best—79.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Clark Whitfield.
Anthem—Arise shine for Thy light is come—Barnby.
Daily.—Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5-15 p.m.
Thursday.—Usual Celebration at 7-15 a.m.
Offertories are for the Poor Fund.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, ALTAMOUNT HILL.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
11 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. E. S. Hall.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

CARNEGIE HALL, ESPLANADE, NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
Pastor—Rev. John Fergan, Marine Lines.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sunday Services.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

7-30 a.m.—Celebration of Holy Communion and Sermon. Hymns 7, 79 and 323.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 79, 78 and 281.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 94 and 95.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 93, 175 and 187.
Wednesday, January 12.
6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

6-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Evening Service. Hymns 75, 76 and 79.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Choral Celebration and Sermon.
10 a.m.—Matins.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Alms for the poor.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

11 a.m.—Morning Service. Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon. Hymns 75, and 317.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon. Hymns 75, 79 and 323.

WESLEYAN METHODIST MISSION HALL.

PAREL-ROAD, (NEAR THE RAILWAY BRIDGE, BYCULLA).
8 a.m.—Class Meeting.
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
The public are invited.

ST. NICHOLAS' (SHAMEN'S) CHURCH, PRINCES DOCK.

11 a.m.—Morning Service.
7 p.m.—Evening Service.

HARBOUR.

SERVICE will be held in the Harbour on board the Ship County of Peebles, at 11 o'clock, when all officers, seamen and others are cordially invited to attend. The Bethel flag will be hoisted. For friends, parties to attend will leave Arthur Bunder at 10-30 and Apollo Bunder at 10-35 a.m. precisely. All are cordially invited.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

REFERRING to the disagreement between the Mahamedans of Calcutta and the other section of the natives on the subject of the Congress, the *Hatyasha Subodh* says:—"However we shall be pleased to know that this rupture in the Association though sad, has been brought about by honest difference of opinion amongst the members, and nothing like a political intrigue has been the cause of the latter's production. As to the reasons given in the letter against joining the National Congress, how far cogent they are, we have written enough, and therefore may not write any more. Whatever the truth is, it will positively come out in the course of time."

THE CONGRESS AND ITS RESULTS.

THE same paper says:—Whatever difference of opinion there may be as to the details of the resolutions of the Congress, there is not the least doubt that the principles embodied in these resolutions are the principles of a wise and rational representative Government, which the English Government is to a great extent in its own country, and therefore in justice to India and England both, the concessions asked for must be granted.

THE PARSEES AND THE SHAH OF PERSIA.

SOME years ago when Mr. Manekjee Limji proceeded to Persia armed with letters of introduction from the influential Parsees of Bombay, it was naturally expected that he would be the means of bringing together the Ruler of that country and the Zoroastrians residing in India. It was with the greatest difficulty, however, that Mr. Manekjee could gain admission to the Shah's Court after seven years. Keeping this in mind it did strike every one as strange that the Shah should all of a sudden change his tactic and wish to make friends with the Parsees. The doubt in our mind has now been characteristically supported by a letter published in the *Bombay Gazette* from a Mahomedan of Bagdad. According to this writer the Shah is blessedly ignorant or indifferent as to who the Parsees are, where they live, and what is their number. It is strange that this reconciliation policy was never attempted during the regime of any of the past Consuls, one of whom was a Parsee. The honour was reserved for the present fortunate wellspoken and good-tempered Consul-General. The Parsees of Bombay wanted some sort of excitement, and they got it. Some wanted to be military officers, others would not dream of anything less than the post of Cazies and Moftis, while others aspired to be Vazirs and Sheikhs. On the first day the Consul distributed about fifty-two anna pieces, and our Parsee brethren thinking these to be coming as direct gifts from the Shah rushed to secure the prize. Then arose some talk about medals. It reminded us of a native blacksmith sticking on his breast a bronze medal which he had obtained at the Calcutta Exhibition. We need scarcely inform our readers that commemorative medals are sold in the streets of London at twopence each, but here the Persian medals were made the most of. Some informed Government of it, others rushed to the press. Sir Jamsetjee Jeejibhoy, however, with great good sense, received the medal in his own bungalow at the hands of a Parsee gentleman and quietly put it in his pocket. The whole thing subsided here. Probably most of the candidates for vazirship are now smiling at their own conceit. We think the Consul can keep the pot boiling by prodncing in the midst of a Parsee assembly the Shah's firman with his own stamp and seal.—*Jam-i-Jamshed.*

BENGAL.

WARDS AND ATTACHED ESTATES.—In a resolution on the report on the Wards and Attached Estates in Bengal for the year 1884-85, the Lieutenant-Governor remarked that the punctual payment of State dues should be regarded as an imperative duty. But, notwithstanding this, there has been a large increase of arrears. The amount left unpaid in 1885-86 was no less than Rs. 3,43,720. The explanation given is not considered in many cases to be satisfactory, as in the Tikari estate, where no less than Rs. 60,691 of revenue and Rs. 6,586 of cesses remained unpaid at the close of the year. This was the more inexcusable, as the property includes Government securities for a larger amount than those dues, and that the estate was able to pay, as was shown by the fact that the amounts were actually paid after the close of the year. His Honor directs that insolvent estates the revenues should be invariably paid as it falls due, as any failure in this respect shows the Manager to be unfit for his post. The Board of Revenue has now directed the special attention of all revenue officers and managers of the estates to these remarks, in the expectation that they will be carefully observed in future.

ALL who wish to possess Lily White Teeth, Purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers should use KEMP & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH MILKIB, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth Wash. For

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

THE Commission again sat, for the 67th time, on Monday last at the Mayo Hall, Allahabad, at 11 p.m. precisely, the members present being:—Sir Charles Aitchison, President; Sir Charles A. Turner; the Hon'ble Mr. J. W. Quinton; Mr. Justice Romesh Chander Mitter; the Hon'ble Syad Ahmed; and Messrs. Stokes, Stewart, Peacock, Crosthwaite, White, Ramaswamy Moodeliar, Kazi Shahabudin and Rao Lakshmajee Krishna Rattun.

The first witness called was Mr. A. Cotterell Tupp, Accountant-General of the North-West Provinces. He said that, under the present system of appointing young men to the Service, members of the Uncovenanted Service of proved merit and ability might become dissatisfied at their non-promotion to the Statutory Service. It had only been possible to appoint to the Statutory Service since 1880, and some of the junior Uncovenanted members had been disappointed that no appointments had been made from among their own class of men of tried merit and ability. It was difficult to give answers as to the comparative merit of the Statutory and Uncovenanted Services, two schemes both of which he disapproved. He did not approve of nominating young men or Uncovenanted Service officers direct into the higher posts, although the object of the Statute, he admitted, was to appoint some young men of proved merit and ability. He would modify the present system of admitting natives into the Covenanted Civil Service. He would not have any arrangements by which men who had distinguished themselves in the Uncovenanted ranks might ultimately be admitted into those of the Covenanted Service; there would, however, be such an arrangement for the present, because for the next 10 years, if his plan for open competition was adopted, we could not expect to fill high offices by men introduced under the new system he proposed. In the interval, however, it would be possible to appoint direct from the Uncovenanted Service, but even then he would admit only by competition. After 10 years, during which there would be some difficulty, there would be no men who would not have had a chance of entering the Service by open competition. In the case of young men of the Uncovenanted Service who did not compete for the Covenanted ranks, but who had discharged their duties honourably, it would be perfectly fair to exclude them from Covenanted offices, because they would have every chance given them, or as many as 16 chances. Under any system which he advocated, he would have the limit of age as wide as possible and examinations, if necessary, half-yearly. He would give them ten chances if they liked, so as to avoid all danger of accident by illness or anything of that sort; but having given a man every chance of succeeding, if he did not or was unable to succeed, if he did not or was unable to succeed, he saw no necessity for introducing him into so trained a Service in after-life. Under the present system the Judicial Branch should be open to all, but not under any system; under his scheme it would be impossible for a Munsiff or Subordinate Judge to be admitted to the higher appointment of District Judge, as they would not belong to the higher but the lower service, from which in England it would be impossible to promote him. If a man entered as a Munsiff in the Upper Civil Service, he would be eligible; all would depend from whence Munsiffs are recruited. He would certainly not admit men from the Bar, England was the only country where Judges were appointed from the Bar, but he did not see that the system had worked better than those in other countries. He knew something of France and Germany. The systems of appointing from the trained service for Judicial posts, was superior to the English system of appointing from the Bar. If the Statutory Service was retained in its present form, he would make the examination provincial, because it was not exactly in the position of the Covenanted Civil Service or in the position he would give to the higher public service; it was a sort of special means of introducing natives into the higher service; and he thought the natives of Bengal would obtain the majority of places under a system of open competition. He did not think the natives of Bengal good men for offices, and he had not himself appointed a single man from Bengal since he had been Accountant-General of the North-West Provinces. It was necessary to do so 20 years ago perhaps—not now. Nearly two-thirds of the men in the public offices in the Province were Bengalis; and his reason for not having appointed any Bengalis was that he found such a large majority of them already in his office. In Allahabad a B.A. could be got to enter the service on Rs. 40 unless he had taken very high honours; an M.A. could be got on Rs. 60, with, of course, promises of promotion if they learned their work. He would exclude from the definition in the Statute Europeans not permanently domiciled; but he was not prepared to give the legal definition of what the term "native of India" should be. To include a man as domiciled, he would merely insist that he should have thrown in his lot permanently with India, and did not intend again to reside permanently in England. He was very strong for open competition, and would take precautions to prevent any one race having too strong a hold upon appointments. He was prepared to apply that precaution to what was now called the Covenanted Civil Service, "i.e., the higher Civil Service of the country; he would also apply it to the clerical service and to the unformed service, which would become the Subordinate Executive Service. Among natives dissatisfaction was certainly felt with the existing system of recruitment for the Covenanted Civil Service, in respect to the reduction in the minimum of age and the necessity of going to England to compete for appointments. He did not know that one cause of dissatisfaction was that a sufficient number of natives did not succeed; but they felt they were placed at a disadvantage and have not the same chance of succeeding or of passing the examination as Englishmen. In this respect they were, no doubt, at a disadvantage, and he would make the limit of age from 17 to 23. For the Covenanted Service he did not prose to make any radical alteration in the present system; but he would certainly make the limit of age as wide as possible. He was unprepared to speak to any particular figure, but the lowest limit at 17 and the highest at 23 he thought would be reasonable. He would open competitive examinations in India, so that natives might have a chance of succeeding without first going to England; because, if compelled to go there, he considered they were unduly weighted, in that they had only one chance of success. If an appointment could be guaranteed them, it might be fair to compel them to go; but as success could not be guaranteed them, he thought Indian candidates should go up in India if they preferred to be educated in India. There should also be an examination in England as at present; the examination in India to be the same or as nearly as possible the same, similar English papers, &c., and there should be no difference in any way. In such an arrangement he saw no difficulty, having in view the present system of examinations; the examinations might also be *viva voce*, as in India there were men who could examine *viva voce* for the Indian Civil Service in all departments. The examinations for the University of London and even Gilchrist Scholarship were held that way. In India all the papers might be sent to the Central Committee by which candidates might be examined. All the examinations of the University of London up to B. A., were competitive, and men were placed in order of merit, in which order they were awarded scholarships; but he had no experience as to how examinations were conducted in India. The examination in India should be at one centre. He had no strong opinion on the subject, but he thought it would be advantageous for candidates to show they did not object to leave their own provinces and undergo some trouble in order to contest; and he would be in favour of having it at one place so as to enforce this test. Residence of candidates himself. The examination should be identical and simultaneous with that in England. On the whole, he was inclined not to change in any way the margin of existing subjects; if there was any change it might be with Greek, makin it on a level with Sanskirt and Arabic, but he had no strong opinion in favour of any change at all. Any scheme of competitive examination would be vitiated if any advantage was given to one competitor over another; but natives who succeeded in India should certainly be sent to England for training, and he would compel them to go there, on the ground that no man was fit to govern, say even an average Indian district containing Europeans, who had no knowledge of European customs and manners. Even if there were no Europeans in his district, he should go to England in order to widen his training generally, and make him a good all round man. If he passed a very high standard, he might undergo such a training as would fit him ultimately to become a Commissioner or anything else. He was not in favour of the present position of candidates for two or three Universities and Colleges; it was an unnecessary limitation, and any restriction in that sense was bad. He would subject all to be a final course of examination. To enter the higher Civil Service a native should have the same training the same examination as an European, and the method of awarding marks should be similar. If he failed to pass the final examination, the result should be the same as with an European candidate, and he should receive in England the same remuneration as an European candidate; his passage money, however, should not be paid, though he had not considered that question fully. He had opportunities of judging of several native gentlemen who had succeeded at the open competitive Civil Service examinations, and had found them as good as he would expect to get. One native gentleman who had so passed was now in Bombay—a Judge of a superior character; and in Bengal there were two of whom he had heard very good accounts. His scheme was intended to embrace all posts in the civil judiciary not now held by the Covenanted Judiciary, Munsiffs, Subordinate Judges, &c.; and he would recruit for that service down to a certain grade, including in the Civil Service all posts at present held in the Uncovenanted Service, dividing that service into upper and lower grades, including in the former men such, for instance, as Subordinate Judges. At present Deputy Collectors occupied rather a subordinate position; but certainly the upper grades, drawing Rs. 800 a month, he would include in the upper class service; and all those, roughly speaking, drawing Rs. 500 and upwards, subordinate appointments to those referred to, would be included in the lower service. For the upper service he would recruit only by examination in England, as also for the upper ranks of the Uncovenanted Service. He would recruit the lower service by open competition provincially from natives of India in the Statutory Service; open competition to be absolute. Has to the question whether he would promote from the lower to the higher service he did not like to say anything absolutely; but he would make such promotion exceptional and most unusual. He was not prepared to say that he would give the Local Governments power, but he would reserve some power to the Supreme Government in this respect, merely because they might have some case of extraordinary merit in a man who ought to be promoted to a higher position. In such cases it was doubtful whether posts could not be provided outside the Civil Service of the country for men of exceptional merit. In India there were always posts in Native States, and the Government had often been asked to furnish exceptional men of merit for them, and this would afford one opening. At any rate, he would

THE ATTACK ON BARON DE SOUBEYRAN.

THE trial of the man Pillot, who, by holding a loaded revolver to his head, made Baron de Soubeyran sign bills payable at sight for one hundred and fifty thousand francs, has been going on before the Assize Court, Paris. The history of Pillot's connection with Baron de Soubeyran is remarkable. It began long ago, when Pillot was a schoolmaster in the Department of Vienne, where

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 7.

THE Bank of England return for the week ending on Wednesday shows a decrease of 4 per cent. in the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities, due doubtless to the large increase in discounts which manually takes place at the beginning of the year, but the formula which Reuter now telegraphs out renders it impossible to trace the actual cause with any degree of certainty. That the decrease in strength, however, is likely to be only temporary is evident from the fact of rates of discount in the open market having latterly given way somewhat. Consols in London yesterday were unchanged at 100⅞, while French Rentes were ⅛ lower at 110¾. Rupee Paper was ⅛ lower in 4½ and ⅛ down in 4 per cents., notwithstanding an advance of 1-16d. per oz. quoted by Reuter in Bar Silver.

The London General Produce markets yesterday were unaltered in every respect.

COTTON in Liverpool yesterday closed firm all round, with sales of 12,000 bales, comprising 1,500 Surats. In Spot prices ready Mid-Uplands was 1-16d. dearer, and Good ginned Dharwar was also advanced to a like extent, while Americans to arrive had recovered the previous day's decline of 1-32d. In Fine M. G. Broach business has apparently been done to arrive at 5d. per lb. landed terms, which is about ½d. per lb. below what it can be bought at here, exclusive of Commission. From New York no change in prices is reported, and in the meantime receipts at the ports continue on a comparatively large scale, the following being the comparison with the two previous seasons to date :—

	1886	1885	1884
Thursday's Receipts	25,000	21,000	18,000
Six days do.	125,000	110,000	112,000
Total since 1st Sept.	3,831,000	3,706,000	3,777,000

In Bombay the staple has been very steady to-day. Sellers show considerable firmness, and evince no desire to push business, while shippers on the other hand seem quite out of it, and transactions are mostly either between dealers or ready purchases for the local mills, who seem to find some difficulty in securing good spinning material. Some Julgaums supposed to class about Fully Good have changed hands to-day at Rs. 182 per Kh. 183, but otherwise we have scarcely heard of anything. The following are current prices :—

	Good.	Fully Good.	Fine.
Bengals	141-4	152	162-3
Broach	213-4	...	...
Dholleras	183	189	197
Juigaum	178-9	182-3	...
Oomra, Staple	186-7	191-3	...

WHEAT is quiet, and if anything a trifle easier to buy forward, but nice lots of ready stuff still command comparatively high rates. On the face of actual quotations of course there is now, as there nearly always is, an apparent loss, but with a little judicious mixing, Wheat can be shipped at about the Home level. We quote now :—

	Old.	New.
Fine Feasy	Rs. 4-3-6	Rs. 4-3-6 per cwt.
No. 1 do.	" 4-3-6	" 4-7-6 "
No. 1 Club Bold	"	" 4-6-5 "
Red Ahmedabad	"	" 4-3-6 "
Hard Red	"	" 3-12-0 "

The receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	5,613 bales.
Wheat	31,250 cwts.
Linseed	3,086 "
Rapeseed	766 "
Gingelly	7,457 "

FREIGHTS we should call rather weaker both ready and forward. The s.s. Waverley has been put on the berth at £1 for Liverpool, and £-1-1-3 open charter seems a figure which finds more favor with sellers than buyers. At £1-2-6 not only speculators, but the whole of the liners are prepared to book for any shipment forward.

EXCHANGE to-day has been rather unsettled. The enormous shipments of Silver amounting, if correctly reported by Reuter, to half a million Sterling for the week rather staggered people to begin with, but towards the close a slightly steadier feeling was manifested. The tendency, however, we should still call more in favor of buying than selling, and although 1s. 6 1-16d. is the market quotation for 3 months' Credits, there can be little doubt that at 1s. 6 1-32d. business could be done freely for ready and at 1s. 6d. for February delivery. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5 13-16d. per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 25-32d. "
do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5 29-32d. "
Credits, 3 months' sight	1s. 6 1-16d. "
France, 3 months' sight	1-10¾ "

GOVERNMENT PAPER is weak all round. Fours we call Rs. 97½ to 3-16, Fours-and-a-half Rs. 101, but nominal.

SHARES are very dull. For Spinning and Weaving concerns prices are practically if not nominally Rs. 5 lower. Bank of Bombays are firm at Rs. 750, Bombay-Burma Trading we quote at Rs. 2,550, first issue.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Dividend.	Quot. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	10,000	500	all	233 pt.	760
Bank of Bengal	48,000	500	all	10 do.	300
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	615
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£	£			
Agra Bank	10,000	100	1	6 do.	155
Hong. and Shang. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	459-10
National Bank of India	37,320	120		5 pct.	110xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	4,330	1,000	900	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co. Ld. ...	1,000	500	500	..	435
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	9,845	100	100	Rs. 5	102
Alfred Manfg. Co. ...	1,000	500	500	...	380
A l l i a n c e Cotton Manufg. Co. Ld. ...	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	620
Bellasy S. & W. Co. Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 25	720
Bo. Cotton Mfg. Co. Ld.	600	500	500		380
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	885
Borar Mfg. Co., Ld. ...	2,750	200	200	..	150
Central India S. & W. Company	2,000	500	500	Rs. 25	790
New Issues	2,000	125	..	Rs. 125	180
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	720	Rs. 12½	655
Connaught Mills	2,500	2000	800	Rs. 25	610
Coorla Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	630
City of Bombay Shares	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	885
Dhurumsey S. & W. Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,070xd.
Dhun Mills	1,500	50	50	Rs. 35	665
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,250	1,000	1,000	..	660
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	2,000	50	50	..	1624
Gordon Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	875
Hindustan Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	660
Hinguncha t Mills Co Ld	700	5	all	37½ p.a.	630
Hydrabad Spinning Co	700	1,000	500	Rs. 25	610
Imp. Cotton Mills Co.	600	50	1,000	Rs. 25	450
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	665	1,000	800	Rs. 70	1,435
James Greaves Mills.	700	100	100	Rs. 25	610
Jaffer Ali Engin. Co. ...	1,34	50	50	14-5-7	930
Jewraj Bhalloo	1,200	1,000	50	Rs. 45	1,121½
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	930
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	825
Loopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co. Ld. ...	3,500	1,000	10	Rs. 5	144
Madras United	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 125	2,800
Mahalukshmi	850	1,000	1,000	..	635
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,220
Mangon Spinning Co	4,000	200	50	..	187
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,150	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,470
National Spinning	600	1,000	1,000	..	420½
Nagpur Cotton Cloth ing Co. Ld.	1,000	1,000	100	...	72½
Narayan Cotton Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	280
New Dhurumsey Eastern ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 0	805
Oriental	3,725	650	650	Rs. 15	545
People of India S. & W Company	..	250	250	..	140
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	1,000	500	500	..	80
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	865
Ripon	841	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	890
Sassoon S. & W. Co..	1,500	1,000	900	..	1,270
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co. Ld.	1,716	500	500	Rs.	350
Shoiapore Mills	678	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	1,285
Soondercas	650	1,000	1,000	..	705
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 12½	660
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,512	250	250	..	240
Victoria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	180
Western India S. & M Company	1,200	2,000	1,000	Rs. 30	760
Lukmidas Khimji	..	..	1,0	..	775

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	4100	..	..	4160
B. B. & C. I. R. guaranteed 5 per cent ...	..	4100	..	..	41

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	70	870
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	..	1,100
Indian Fire Insurance Co	111	5,00	..	70	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insuran Co.	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,750

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	200	10	178
	250	100	100	5 p.c.	198
Badhan Pils Ice & Sagaty Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 10	148
Barton & Co. Ld.	37	200	200	Rs. 2)	112
Do. New Issue	500	100	100	10 3 p.c.	16
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld. ...	600	100	100	6 p.c	100xd.
Bombay Flour Mills Co.	600	600	600	15 p.c.	370
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	200
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,288	100	100	7 p.c.	118
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,250	Rs. 125	2,550
Do. (2nd Issue)	2,000	625	625	..	640
Bombay & Persian Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.c.	104½
Bombay Safty Match Co. Ld.	600	100	100	..	100
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	12
Dydasdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	100	..	100
Cooper, Madan & Co., Ld.	2,500	100	100	Rs. 10	82
Indian Guarantee Reinsurance Association	5,000	150	50	Rs. 11	9
Kaiser-I-Hind Gold Mining Co. Limited	42,000	25	25	..	164
Karrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	800	250	250	..	..
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 25	230
Mazagon & Co. Ld. ...	4,000	100	100	15 p.c.	80
Mechanics Building Co	5,000	100	100	Rs. 25	1
Napier Hotel Co. Ld.	300	100	100	9 p.c.	75
Napier Foundry and M'g. Co.	1,200	100	100	..	..
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 & 7½	108
Oriental Telephone Association	5,000	20	20	5 p. c.	21
Pearse and Co. Ld. ...	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	87
Port Canning Co. ...	6,000	100	1,000	Rs. 10	20
Publishe & Co. Ld. ...	1,000	100	100	..	102
Soundy & Co. Ld. ...	1,800	100	100	..	66xd.
Standard Bank	20,000	25	25	..	26
Tramways & Co. Ld. ...	3,000	500	500	Rs.	1,195
Thacker & Co. Ld. ...	1,500	100	100	..	165x
Western India Flour Mills	1,000	125	100	Rs.	100
Wood, St. Maur & Co. ...	3,000	200	200	12 pc	195

PRESS COMPANIES.

Bombay Cotton	200	1,000	1,000	..	1,075
Anglo Press Co.	15	500	500	Rs. 60	900
Albert Printing Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 45	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	930
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	700	400	400	Rs. 20	225
Bombay Chronicle P. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	445xd.
Bombay Gujarati Printing Cotton Press.	0	200	200	Rs. 18	160
Bombay Steam Press	0	125	125	Rs. 14	125
Chabbeas P. & G. Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	610
East India Press Co.	0	200	200	12	120
Fort Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 150	1,225xd
Framji Press Co.	1600	5,000	5,000	Rs. 60	1,725
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	400	500	500	Rs. 40	400
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	200	400	all	Rs. 48	..
Mazagon Manfg. Co.	1,000	500	500	Rs. 10	252½
Mercantile Press ...	1,000	125	125	..	95
Mofussil Co.	2,125	400	400	Rs. 55	413½
New Bazar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,200	500	500	Rs. 60	530
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	..	115
Prince of W. Press	600	500	500	Rs. 30	365xd.
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld. (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 75	450
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	450
Sind & Punjab Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1225xd
Scorcon Press Co. ...	200	500	500	25	580
Vakhat Press Co	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	605

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Carlton Tower, 1,480 tons, Captain G M Hamlin, arrived in Bombay yesterday, with a cargo of 2,599 tons of Cardiff coals from Cardiff (Dec 3).

THE ship Look Broom, 2,075 tons, Captain J S Crane, brought a cargo of 2,873 tons of coals in Bombay from New Castle, whence she sailed on the 30th of Oct last.

THE s s Peshwa, 1,399 tons, Captain W H Edge, arrived in Bombay, yesterday morning, from Calcutta (Dec 10), with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs Edge and two children, Mrs Cerkhill, and child, and 5 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Satara, 820, tons, Captain J B Macfadyn, sailed yesterday for Coast and Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Karachi:—Lieut J A Paten, Lieut I G R Swanson, Mr J Young, Mr F J Pope, Surgeon and Mrs Hays, and one native officer of the 10th B I; for Pore Bunder:—Mr Lely; for Veraval:—The chief Engineer of the Baroda State; for various ports—75 deck.

THE B I S N Co.'s Steamer Arabia, of 974 tons, Captain C P Kendall, arrived in the Bombay harbour, yesterday morning, from Busreh which port she left on the 25th ultimo, with a general cargo including 25 chests of opium and the following first-class, and 61 deck, passengers. The names of the 1st class passengers are:—Mrs Mackenzie, and child, Surgn-Major Pandergast, Mr Harrey, Mr Blockley, Mr Knight, Captain Brownlow, Mr Davidge and 3 sepoys.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

7TH JANUARY, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Shed.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Archimede.	1849	C. Octave	A	F. Bonzoni.
,, Roumania..	2207	J. Haris	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Khiva	1506	S. Basson	C	P. & O. Co.
,, Thames	2131	W. A. Seaton ...	E	P. & O. S. N. Co.
,, Atrato	2066	G. Gordon	F	F. Muir & Co.
,, Amana	2131	J. Thwaite.....	K	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Inchgarvie..	1728	W. Sanders	L	James Mackintosh & Co.
,, Akaba	2588	J. C. Main.....	M	K. Nixon & Co.
,, St. Bernard.	1447	R. Young	N	K. Nixon & Co.
,, L. Tower ..	1809	G. Nelson	O	Bates Craig & Co.
,, Regal	1636	J. A. Stewart ..	Q	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
7	Peshwa (s).....	Edge.....	Calcutta, Dec. 10.
	Carlton Tower (s).	Hamlyn	Cardiff, Dec. 3.
	Lookbroom	Crane	New Castle, Oct. 30.
	Arabia (s)	Kendall	Busreh, Dec. 25.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
7	Satara (s)	Macfadyn ..	Coast and Karachi.
	Bokhara (s)	Edward	London and Trieste.
	Abbotchmy	.....	Trevendrum, &c.

The following vessels commenced loading yesterday :—
Steamer Waverly, for Liverpool.
,, Arabia, for Coast and Karachi.
,, Peshwa, for Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.			
3	Bronhilda	Mann	London, Dec. 21.
	Loodiana (s)	Turner.....	Bombay, Dec. 21.
	Shahzada (s)	Budd.....	Colombo, Dec. 24.
	Kohinur (s)	Pattuck	Bombay, Dec. 27.
	Bushee (s).....	Croft.....	Rangoon, Dec. 27.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Umballa and Shahjehan. Ship Camperdown.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Dec.		
5	Clan Macarthur (s)...	Calcutta.
	Quetta (s)	Calcutta.
	Tibre (s)	Calcutta.
	Agra (s).....	Bombay.

DEPARTURE.

Dec.		
4	Madura (s)	Bombay.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 7.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Aston Hall (s), 414 pigs lead, E Bates and Co.
Clan Mackenzie (s), 2 packages steam and other machinery, The Anglo-Indian S and W Co.

FROM LONDON.

Huzara (s), 1 hogshead cognac, C Palmer and Co; 30 cases champagne, Dhanjibhai Cowasji; 492 cwts soft spelter, H Gokaldas.
Nepaul (s), 14 cases cheese and provisions, A K Shurufali; 5 cases hams, bacon and cheese, Jamsetji Cooverji and Sons; 6 cases dry photo plates, Latham and Co.
Thames (s), 3 cases cod-liver oil; syrup of lime, &c, Benn Ashley and Co; 25 cases beer, Ritchie Stewart Co; 2 cases champagne, C Palmer and Co; 66 cases bacon, cheese and other oilmanstores, D Burjorji; 2 cases false pearls, L Hemchand; 30 cases aneline dyes, S Narayen and Co; 50 cases candles, sperm, M Escofubai.
Henzada (s), 1 hogshead cognac, Cutler Palmer and Co; 98 cases oilmanstores, E Samsoodin and Co; 2 cases brushes, A H Chandabhai; 22 cases hams, bacon and cheese, Green and Read; 3 cases toys, &c. Shroff Bros; 6 cases aneline dyes, J Goowanchand; 1 case shoes, A Caron; 1 box thermometers, Lawrence and Co; 10 cases printing papers and printing materials, The *Times of India*.
Dago (s), 8 cases varnish, Ebramji Essabji.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Nizam (s) 1 case silver watches, A Blascheck & Co.

FROM MESSINA.

Archimede (s), 4 casks wine, Lang Moir and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Dago (s), 2 cases cutlery, Haji Momlabux.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Macgregor (s), 1 Qr. cask whiskey, D. Nasarvanji.

FROM NAPLES.

Archimede (s), 1 cask wine, G. Groom and Co.

FROM GIBRALTAR.

Thames (s), 3 Qr. casks wine, Green and Read.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 3.

Rochfort, Major, Bo, RA, on duty, from Gibraltar.

JANUARY 5.

Ferguson, Surgn-Major, Mad, Med Staff, on leave, from Belgaum.

JANUARY 6.

Pout, Surgn-Major, Mad, Med Staff, en route, to Deolalee, from Cannanore.

JANUARY 7.

Harrison, Lt, Bl, 1st R M Fus, on leave, from Nowshera.
Brownlow, Capt, Bl, 1st P I, on furlough, from Dehra I. Khan.
Prendergast, Surgn-Major, Bo, Med Staff, to Purandhur, from Hyderabad, S.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 5.

Spring, Lt-Col, Bo, RA, on duty, to Ahmedabad.

JANUARY 6.

Thomson, Lt, Bo, 28th B I, on duty, to Baroda.
Richardson, Vety Surgn, Bo, A V D, on duty, to Kirkee.

JANUARY 7.

Waghorn, Surgn-Major, Bo, Med Staff, on duty, to Kirkee.
Jones, Major, Bl, Highland L Infy, on leave, to England
Brownlow, Capt, Bl 1st P I, on furlough, to England.
Wiggens, Lt-Col, Bl, Genl List Infy, on duty, to Muttra.
Shortland, Lt-Col, Bo, R A, on duty, to Deesa.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon'ble L. H. Bayley, Comdt. B.V.R.C.

Bombay, January 8, 1887.

1. There will be drill for D Company on Monday next, the 10th instant, in front of the Gymkhana at 6-30 a.m.

A Company team is reminded there will be Practice on Tuesday, the 11th inst., and Competition on Thursday, the 13th inst., for Wyer Cup.

All Instructors must attend at Head Quarters, every Monday, to complete drill rolls.

There will be a meeting of the Ex-Committee of the Rifle Association on Monday, the 10th inst., at Quarter-Master Soundy's at 5-30 p.m.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. HODGKINSON, Capt.,
Adjutant, B.V.R.C. Corps.

MR. N. H. GUEESTA,
DETAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P. M.
Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas,
No. 23 RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW.
Opposit the Bombay Gene l Post Office.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,
FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.
TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system.
No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street.
(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION
THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR
SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents in India for the
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK
STUTTGART.
THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.
We would caution intending purchasers, not to confound the name with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOHENE.
See our illustrated price-list free by post.
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. 60 bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
* * AGENTS WANTED.

MY BOMBAY BRANCH will be CLOSED from the 12th January and will be visited periodically, the same as up-country stations.
All orders and accounts should be sent to
No. 1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
N. LAZARUS.
OCULIST OPTICIAN BY APPOINTMENT TO THE VICEROY.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
THOROUGHLY adapted to correct the various faults of refraction of defective Eyes.
May be had from
LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India,
London, Calcutta and Bombay.
Our pamphlet: "Ignorance the Cause of Numerous Eye-Diseases," price post-paid 4½ annas.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

DESIRABLE and NECESSARY as it undoubtedly is to provide the relief required by a *hypermetrop'ia* eye nearly in life, it is even more essential in *myopia*, because the latter is essentially a progressive defect, and the tension of convergence which the unaided eyes are obliged to exert, in order to maintain binocular vision at the distance demanded by the anomaly of refraction, accelerates that downward progress greatly. Without glasses myopia can no longer be deprived of a wide field of instructive observation, though in that respect his eyes do not themselves suffer; but what is of paramount importance in his case is to relieve the strain on the convergence, by making him always use suitable concave glasses for reading and writing, so that the work may be placed at a distance of at least twelve inches from the eyes. Myopia is generally hereditary so that myopic parents made by that reason suspect it in their children, and cannot do better than take them to an oculist while they are young. We would offer the same advice on the first appearance of a disposition to squint, which will generally in such case consist of hypermetropia.
MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES are as their name imports, the most scientifically designed and perfectly constructed of all.
Only the PUREST and HARDEST Brazilian pebble is used and being cut on Dr. MENIST'S approved principle, at right angles to the axis of the crystal, the lenses are entirely free from prismatic action, while in the frames in the very best materials and the most perfect finish, special modifications in form have been made, to meet the various defects of vision they are designed to correct, suggested by and resulting from, his wide practical experience in the subject. The extra cost will be found to be more than fully compensated by the satisfaction and benefit which will be derived from their use.
First Class articuate and Silver Medal, the Highest Award for Excellence, Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ART POTTERY.
WE HAVE RECEIVED our new Consignment of Real Dresden, Crown Derby, Doulton and Limoges Porcelain. An inspection is invited.
JOHN ROBERTS AND CO.,
18, MARINE STREET.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BURMA.

DEATH.

SHAW—December 14, at Yenesthen, Burma, Lieut John Stewart Shaw, 2nd Queen's (R W S), youngest son of Colonel David Shaw, M S C, aged 20 years.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

MEHTA—November 29, the wife of Mr. P. M. Mehta, of a son.

DEATH.

CARTER—On the night of the 3rd January, 1887, accidentally knocked off a railway train in motion, Reynald Lewellyn Bennison Carter, Lieutenant in the Bombay Staff Corps and Adjutant 28th Regt. Bombay Infantry, aged 27 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

EVANS—January 2, at Dindigul, the wife of J E Evans, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

MILNE—MATHEWS—January 4, at the Free Church of Scotland, Wellesley Square, Calcutta, by the Rev W Milne, M A, W Milne, Tea Planter, South Sylhet, to Annie Anderson Mathews, third daughter of John Mathews, Glasgow.

DEATHS.

DOUGHTY—At Arcot, Sarah C R Doughty, mother of F E Doughty, North-Western Railway.
DOUGHTY—At Scoltan, wife of F E Doughty, North-Western Railway.
DOUGHTY—At Hyderabad, Wally F, brother of F E Doughty, North-Western Railway.
PATTON—December 21, at Calcutta, of spasm of the heart, Charles Primrose Patton, aged 27 years, 10 months.
REID—January 2, at Mettacollium, of heat apoplexy, William Edgar (Eddy) Reginald Reid, the dearly beloved son of Mr William Reid, the Station Master of Mettapollium, aged 11 years 7 months and 12 days.
ROSS—December 31, from suffocation during the fire at the Park Fair, Madras, Mary Ann and Emma Josephine, aged 16 and 14 years respectively, the dearly loved children of Mr Josiah Ross, Sub-Assistant, No 5. Madras Survey, residing at Atkins, Road, Vepery.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1887.

IN the discussion on the Municipal Budget at the meeting of the Corporation on Thursday incidental reference was made to the expenditure which is likely to be incurred in connection with the Jubilee of her Majesty's accession. We understand that a Committee of the Corporation appointed for that purpose have decided upon recommending that a lakh of rupees should be expended out of surplus balances for commemorating the Jubilee, twenty thousand rupees of which is to be expended in fireworks and in other evanescent demonstrations, the remaining eighty thousand or thereabouts to be appropriated to some permanent memorial of the occasion. It is worth noting that the subject was introduced at a meeting at which an increase of nearly five-and-a-half lakhs in the municipal expenditure was voted. No one seriously contends that the increase is unwarrantable. There will be much to show for it in public improvements, and as nearly four lakhs of it will represent interest and other charges on the loan for the Tansa Water Works, there is ample assurance of a substantial return for it. But it is none the less incumbent upon us to be careful, in a year which brings so large an increase to our civic expenditure, of every addition to the charges upon the revenue. The increase, amounting to little short of two and a half lakhs, in the Consolidated Rate and the Town Duties, will be felt by the tax-payers, even though they may be persuaded that the promise of a wholesome and abundant water supply which comes with it is worth paying for. An unbudgetted expenditure of a lakh really means the swallowing up of a sum almost equivalent to the increase in the Town Duties of which the poorer tax-payers will be reminded by augmentations in the price of ghee and grain, and possibly of oil and sugar. It will reduce the surplus balance, from five lakhs, with which the year would otherwise open, to four, or to three if account be taken of the one lakh surplus which is reserved by the statute. Now the Corporation must think twice before it adopt the suggestion which, as we understand, the Committee is about to lay before it. We do not on an occasion of this kind, in which due play must be given to sentimental impulses, wish to unfairly apply the utilitarian test. No one would rudely come down upon a proposal for public rejoicings with an unsympathetic inquiry into the use of them. The question whether the game is worth the candle cannot appropriately be raised when the candle is lighted in testimony of the loyal rejoicings of a contented people. We pass by therefore with no disapproval that part of the Committee's recommendation which relates to the transient demonstrations of the day, suggesting only that even this part of the commemoration ought not to be left entirely in the hands of the Municipality, and that private effort and outlay might with advantage supplement or co-operate with such arrangements as the local authorities may make. In regard to the remaining eighty thousand rupees however we are confronted at the outset by the fact that those who propose the expenditure are so little impressed with a sense of the necessity for it that they have no definite proposal to make as to the purpose to which it shall be put. The need, with them, is not a need of means but of an object. They require not money to spend, but an object upon which to expend it. They would, in fact, put the Corporation in the position of children who, having come into possession of an unexpected trifle, cast about them for something to spend it on lest the money should burn holes in their pockets. The project is not only indefinite and lacking in proof of necessity, but it is objectionable also because it looks uncommonly like an effort to impose upon the Corporation the whole cost of a demonstration which unless it is to be wanting in the elements of sympathy and emotion, ought not to be entirely an official demonstration. An outlay of a lakh of rupees upon the commemoration would check the flow of private enterprise, for it would render it superfluous. Before this lakh is voted for some unknown purpose we should all like to hear when the balances assigned for the well-known and necessary purpose of erecting Municipal Offices are to be utilized. Assuming that no one has yet discovered that the new site is unsuitable and ought to be abandoned for a third one, we should say that a worse commemoration of her Majesty's Jubilee might be made than to make a serious beginning of the building of these offices; and if there is a lakh or so that the Municipality are anxious to apply for a permanent memorial of this auspicious year, they might find in the new buildings ample and useful opportunities for doing so. A worse use might be made of the occasion than to accept it as a call to begin a work which has already been so long on the mind of the Municipality that this same mind is given to capricious changes concerning it. There would be no particular reasons to insert in the wall of the new offices a tablet commemorating the fact that the Municipality began to build on one site, and finished on another. But a tablet recording that in the Jubilee year our civic fathers thought it high time to begin to build a hall for themselves, and that they built accordingly, would be an appropriate and interesting memorial of municipal patriotism, not to say of municipal wisdom as well.

DURING recent years a great change has come over the position of India among the nations of the world, and she must in future be sufficient in herself for many of her own requirements, and be no longer content to rely on England for every trifling

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MINISTERIAL CRISIS IN ENGLAND.

FORMATION OF THE CABINET.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The Hon'ble E. Stanhope has accepted the Secretaryship of State for War.

Mr. Goschen, having arranged terms with Lord Salisbury, has finally accepted a seat in the Cabinet as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Lord Cross will remain in the Cabinet as Secretary of State for India.

THE PROPOSED REUNION OF LIBERALS.

The *Standard* says that Mr. Gladstone is inclined to modify his Home Rule scheme with a view to effect a conciliation among the Liberals.

OBITUARY.

Mr. J. B. Bullen Smith, C.S.I., Member of the India Council, is dead.

THE ARMY WARRANT.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

The following further particulars are contained in the Royal Army Warrant :—

The present Lieutenant-Colonels will remain under the old regulations, but the future ones will hold command for four years only. Seconded Lieutenant-Colonels are to be abolished, but Brevet Majorities will be continued.

The establishment of regimental Majors remains unchanged. Captains are to replace seconded Majors.

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

By a telegram from the Secretary of State just received, the day finally fixed for the Jubilee is Wednesday, the 16th February.

LATER.

The Secretary, Home Department, addresses a letter to all Local Governments on the following subject :—The Viceroy, it is stated, taking into consideration the loyal desire of the people of India that their devotion to the Person and Throne of the Queen should be manifested on a specially appointed day of rejoicing, and having regard to the conditions of the seasons in India, is pleased to designate Wednesday, the 16th February, for adoption throughout India as the Jubilee Day. The 16th will be observed as a holiday in all public offices. The official ceremony by which the occasion will be distinguished will be separately notified. In other respects the Viceroy confidently leaves to the discretion of the Local Governments acting in concert with the peoples under their charge, and more especially to the deep and unaffected loyalty of H. M.'s subjects the measures that shall be undertaken to celebrate the day with appropriate honours. His Excellency is assured that the Executive authorities may on this occasion safely yield the initiation to the spontaneous action of the municipal councils and of the community at large, and that the unanimous voice of the Empire will gratefully tender to the Queen-Empress a homage worthy of the noble charity of her life and the justice and benevolence of her reign.

OPERATIONS IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MANDALAY, JAN. 7.

On January 1, General Stewart reports from Mogouk that he has made further explorations of the districts, and finds plenty of grass available.

The people are returning from their hiding places in the mountains. More arms have also been collected.

The Chindwin column, under Colonel Eyre, reports it a fine country, but much harried by the dacoits. Active operations against principal gangs will now go on.

The people are very friendly.

The health of the troops is excellent.

RANGOON, JAN. 7.

Captain Cooper, Somersetshire Light Infantry, died of fever at Yemethen, on the 28th December.

General Stewart is making slow but sure progress with the Ruby Mines Column. He reports the jungle to be indescribably thick, and the mountains in places as inaccessible.

At night the thermometer registered six degrees frost. The paddy crop failed in parts of the Yen district. The men, women and children are taking eagerly to road-making at four, three, and two annas a day, respectively.

Captain Elliott, with the Bombay Lancers, captured the Tsuyi of Meiktila's camp, thirty miles west of Yemethen, killing four and capturing many dacoits, and a large number of arms.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 7.

The Bank of Madras has declared a dividend for the past half-year at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, after adding Rs. 50,000 to the Reserve Fund.

THE FIRE IN THE PARK.

Colonel Weldon, Commissioner of Police, in an official report on the fire, says, that there is clear evidence that the second fire was caused solely by the panic which seized the people on the outbreak of the first fire, which also, so far as can be ascertained, was accidental.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 7.

The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant R. G. R. de Pontbriant, Officiating Wing Officer, to be Wing Officer.

2nd Bombay Light Infantry—Lieutenant P. A. Smurthwaite, Officiating Wing Officer, to be Wing Officer.

26th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant E. R. Houghton, 2nd Battalion West Riding Regiment, who has been appointed Probationer, Bombay Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer on probation, dated 26th December 1886.

H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointment on his personal Staff, with effect from the 1st instant :—

Lieutenant L. Herbert, Bengal Staff Corps, to be A.-D.-C. and Interpreter.

The undermentioned Officer has returned to duty with the permission of the Secretary of State for India on the date specified :—

Lieutenant H. L. Gardiner, Artillery, First Subaltern, 2nd Mountain Battery, 25th December 1886.

Probationary Armourer Sergeant Joseph William Groves, 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade, having satisfactorily completed his period of probation, is promoted to the rank of Armourer Sergeant, Second Class, and transferred to the Corps of Armourers, with effect from 7th October 1886. Armourer Sergeant Groves is posted to the 2nd Battalion North Staffordshire Regiment.

The following order is confirmed :—

2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment,—In accordance with Regimental Orders, dated 20th December, 1886, Lieut. F. A. Houghton, Interpreter, 1st Battalion North Staffordshire Regiment, is transferred from that date to the 2nd Battalion.

Regimental Order, dated 21st October 1886, appoints the following Committee for the Paymastership, with effect from the 9th October, 1886, *viz.* Paymaster and Honorary Major C. Ward, transferred to the First Battalion West Riding Regiment :—

President—T. B. Spark-Menteers, Major R. H. Tyacke, and Captain A. W. Prior.

Captain Prior will perform the duties of Paymaster on the responsibility of the Committee.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence :—

Artillery—Major H. S. Higginson, from the 2nd to 9th February, in extension, in England, on medical certificate.

Cheshire Regiment—Lieutenant W. F. White, Probationer, Bombay Staff Corps, to proceed to England, to appear before a Medical Board, under clause 12, India Army Circular 85.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, JAN. 7.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ganges, with the outward English mails of the 31st ult., left here for Bombay at 1 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JAN. 6.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackenzie arrived here this afternoon.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Goorkha left here for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo this afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL REPORTS.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats [illegible]

Good Fair Dhollera 4

The Manchester market has been firm.

3 per cent. Reduced Paper 99⅞

3 per cent. Consols 99⅞

2½ per cent. Consols for account 100⅛

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 100⅛

4½ per cent. French Rentes 110⅛

Bar Silver 46 7-16

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JANUARY 5.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, JAN. 6.

10 p.m. ... 71·0

FRIDAY, JAN. 7.

6 a.m. ... 71·1

10 a.m. ... 76·6

2 p.m. ... 78·6

4 p.m. ... 77·5

It is understood that the retirement of Sir Frederick Halliday from the India Council is only the precursor of two or three other retirements of members who from age or infirmity, have, unhappily, outlived their term of public usefulness. The death of Mr. Bullen Smith causes another vacancy.

The Nagpore-Bengal Railway scheme appears to be still a long way off realisation. The promoters, says the *Pioneer*, want four per cent. guaranteed for ten years, and the India Council offer that rate for five years only ; with a subsequent guarantee of 3½ per cent., Government taking three-fourths of the surplus net profit.

Mr. Guildford Molesworth has returned to Calcutta from Burma, where, as recently stated, he went over the whole length of the proposed Toungoo-Mandalay Railway, which he considers likely to be highly successful.

The Governor of Madras has suggested the calling of a public meeting to consider the question of relief to the sufferers by the late fire.

The Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces will return to Allahabad after his visit to Calcutta on the 17th or 18th, and will then go on almost immediately to Agra.

The Duke and Duchess of Manchester and Lady Alice Montagu, who have been on a visit to Darjeeling, have returned to Calcutta. Lord and Lady Rosebery and Lord Shaftesbury are also expected at Calcutta. They will be the guests of the Viceroy.

Munshi Nawab Kishore of Lucknow has offered a prize of Rs. 200 for the best essay on the aims of the National Association for supplying Female Medical Aid to women in India. The competition is restricted to ladies, but no bar is placed against nationality.

Colonel W. G. Davies, C.S.I., will probably proceed to Calcutta to take charge of the Punjab Land Bills, now before the Viceregal Legislative Council. The Bills in question will probably be passed before the Government leaves for Simla, as Colonel Davies's service, which was extended for a year, specially to enable him to take in hand the measures, terminates on the 1st of April.

The Makum coal-fields, on the other side of India, have met a very large demand for their produce. In last year's report on the river-borne traffic of Assam, it is stated, that these mines now supply nearly all the coal required by the increasing steamer and railway traffic of the province, and most of the coke used in tea manufacture. If this statement is correct, Makum coal has an assured prospect of a prosperous future.

A Circular Order issued by the Bengal Board of Revenue announces that the Government has the right of fishery in all navigable rivers which are public property, unless the right has been granted or leased to some individual. In regard, however, to tidal rivers, it may sometimes be expedient that the exclusive right of fishery should not be granted to private individuals or to certain classes of individuals to the exclusion of the general public, and no lease of such a fishery is to be granted without the sanction of the Board.

The Chief Commissioner of Burma, in a circular to the Commissioners of Divisions, has called attention to an injustice which has prevailed for some years with regard to prisoners being kept at the place at which they were sentenced for a considerable period before being sent to jail. He has directed that a prisoner is to be sent forthwith to jail as soon as the sentence is passed, and that, in all cases in which he had been detained, full opportunity should be given him of appealing against the sentence passed upon him, should he so desire it. If he wishes to appeal, he should be given a copy of the judgment to be appealed against, and afforded every facility for preparing his petition of appeal. At the prisoner's request the Magistrate should forward the petition of appeal to the Appellate Court.

Syed Mahmood, Judge of Rae Bareilly, in his evidence before the Public Service Commission, at Allahabad, pronounced unhesitatingly against the holding of simultaneous examinations in England and India, on the ground that it would lead to a preponderance of natives of special castes or classes, from special provinces, passing and being employed in other provinces, over other classes and castes, thereby causing friction and discontent. He deprecated the employment of natives of one province in the Covenanted Civil Service of another.

The Directors of the Mysore Gold Mining Company (Limited), have declared a dividend of 2s. per share, payable on December 31, making, with the interim dividend paid on May 31, 20 per cent. upon the capital for the year ending September 30.

The object of the visit of Colonel C. J. Smith, Consulting Engineer for Railways in Madras, to Calcutta, seems to have been misapprehended. Colonel Smith's presence at Calcutta, it appears, has no reference to the Bellary-Kistna Railway. That undertaking, so far from being a subject of discussion, was sanctioned and begun as long ago as 1883, and is now in active progress throughout the 273 miles from Guntakal to Bezwada. About a hundred miles of the line will be opened shortly, and the whole is to be ready in 1888. By time the Nizam's Railway and its British extensions from the frontier to Bezwada are completed, Colonel Smith has gone to Calcutta to attend a Departmental Committee on the system of statistical and other work in the office of the Director-General of Railways, of which General Hancock is President and Colonel S. Trevor, Colonel Pemberton, and Major Gracey are the other members.

The German Press are complaining very bitterly that by the decision of the German East African Delimitation Conference England has got the best of the bargain, inasmuch as she has secured the best routes in the interior of the Continent. This, says a London correspondent, is certainly not the opinion of the English merchants ; and now that a German squadron has appeared before Zanzibar in order to make reprisals for the murder of Dr. Juhlke, which happened to take place at a Zanzibar port, there is some fear here that Germany may use this incident as a lever for further concession from the Sultan.

It seems to be the prevalent opinion in England that the new French Ministry will be a short-lived one, and that M. Goblet will simply devote himself to the securing of sufficient votes for temporary purposes. It is anticipated that before many months are over, either M. de Freycinet will return to power or that there will be a general election.

Although Count d'Aunay has had no interview with Mr. Money, the British Member of the Caisse of the Public Debt, the French Diplomatic Agent, prior to M. de Freycinet's resignation, repeatedly declared that it was impossible for France and England to negotiate for arranging their respective positions in Egypt until the date of the British withdrawal had been filed. France, says a correspondent, would rather prefer a continuance of the *status quo*. There has, however, never been any question of France refusing her co-operation in the work of reform in Egypt. It is believed that the new French Cabinet will maintain unchanged the Egyptian policy of its predecessor.

Mr. Christopher Sykes, who has been declared to have been elected for the Buckrose Division of Yorkshire, has been one of the most interesting characters in the House of Commons for a great many years. Mr. Sykes is not an acquisition to the oratory of the House, for he is only known to have spoken, or attempted to speak once, and then his efforts after eloquence came to a dead stop about the middle of the first sentence. Since then Mr. Sykes has not sought to pose as a Demosthenes. His great attraction lies in his personal appearance. Possibly, with the exception of the Marquis of Hartington, there is no man in the House of Commons whose manner is marked with such distinguished *hauteur* as that of Mr. Christopher Sykes. In Lord Hartington's case, however, the *hauteur* is the natural habit of a proud and reserved man ; in the case of Mr. Christopher Sykes it is the affectation of an exquisite.

The London correspondent of the *Irish Times* says that another domestic romance is being prepared for the London court. The principals are a veteran soldier on the verge of fourscore and his wife, a young lady of twenty-five, who married twelve months ago. It was stated that on one occasion the venerable husband was set upon by his young wife and actually kicked downstairs, and that another time she called for him at his Club, and when he came out on the steps thrashed him with his own walking-stick.

Some interesting letters of Sir W. Scott to Sir William Knighton, the Private Secretary of George IV., were sold the other day at Messrs. Sotheby and Wilkinson's. Sir Walter made Sir William Knighton's acquaintance in 1823, and kept up a very confidential correspondence with him till his death. These letters might well have found a place in the British Museum ; but they have passed into the collection of Mr. Alfred Morrison, where they will be available to all worthy students. The following passage from one, dated the 30th of October, 1825, is peculiarly interesting, in contrast to what Sir Walter must have written, had he lived to visit Ireland last summer :—

I have spent a part of this fine summer in Ireland, and have returned delighted with that warm-hearted and hospitable country. Whatever people may say, its grievances are fast abating—much English capital has been introduced of late years. New cabins, which are much more decent than the old ones ; and the dress of the younger people does not exhibit such a variety of patchwork as that of the time of the true old Milesian. I went through the greater part of the island, and saw much ground which might rival any part of England in wealth, and much scenery which might vie with any part of Scotland in picturesque beauty ; and the inhabitants, from the peer to the peasant, are certainly the kindest people in the world.

Our Calcutta correspondent, telegraphing a few days ago, announced the capture at the Great Eastern Hotel of J. Edward Curteis, an absconding solicitor from East Stonehouse, England. Curteis, it appears, had been for years clerk to the East Stonehouse Local Board. He absconded with £15,000 belonging to the ratepayers ; stayed at Paris for a time ; then went to Alexandria ; then came to Bombay and finally made his appearance at Calcutta. On New Year's Day, like a loyal subject of the Queen-Empress, he went to the parade ground, and in the crowd there, fell under the eye of a Superintendent of the Reserve Police Force, who had seen his photograph as "wanted." He was traced to the Great Eastern Hotel. The telegraph was set to work ; and he will now travel back to East Stonehouse by a more direct route than he selected for his journey out.

MILITARY NEWS.

The following officers have passed the examinations laid down in section 5, para. 150, Bengal Army Regulations, and are qualified for appointment on the Regimental General and Personal Staff of the Army :—Major R. E. D. Reilly, Bombay Staff Corps, Captain R. F. Jameson, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain E. H. H. Montresor, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain L. B. Beatson, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain W. G. Yate, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain F. A. Blyth, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain W. H. Cazalet, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain B. Duff, Bengal Staff Corps, Captain A. S. Burn, Madras Staff Corps, Captain H. B. Turner, Bombay Staff Corps, Captain A. Wapshare, Bombay Staff Corps, Captain A. W. Monteith, Bombay Staff Corps, Captain L. G. Beckham, Bombay Staff Corps, Captain J. B. R. Butler, Bombay Staff Corps, Lieutenant O. T. Head and Lieutenant G. Wright, Royal Artillery, are qualified for the rank of Captain.

At the 1st January Review, in Rawul Pindi, there were over seven thousand troops on parade—a goodly show for one station.

The last *Punjab Gazette* contains a notification that the services of Major J. Davidson, Military Secretary to the Punjab Government, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India. This proceeding is the final step in the transfer of the Punjab Frontier Force from the local Government to the direct jurisdiction of the Commander-in-Chief. The Military Secretary's office, having completed the details of the transfer, is dissolved, and henceforth the connexion of the Punjab Government with the Frontier Force and the control which it exercises over that body will be assimilated to the relations between other local Governments and the troops within their territorial limits.

Brigadier-General Purvis, Commanding at Mooltan, has been tranferred to the Command of the Presidency District.

On the completion of the Cavalry manœuvres in Sind, a squadron of the 6th Bombay Cavalry will be detained at Sibi, and the troop of the 5th Bombay Cavalry, now quartered at that station, will be moved to head-quarters to Jacobabad.

The 2nd Battalion Dorsetshire Regiment (the old 54th) on arrival in England from Aden will be quartered at Portsmouth, and the 1st Battalion Oxfordshire Light Infantry, at Shorncliffe Camp.

The services of Colonel A. F. Dobbs, Madras Staff Corps, Judicial Superintendent of Railways, Hyderabad, have been replaced at the disposal of the Military Department with effect from the 1st January.

Surgeon F. W. G. Hall, M. S., having reported his arrival from England, has been posted for the present to the Peshawur District.

Field telegraph offices have been opened at Gwebin, half way between Nyingyan and Yemethen, at Menbo and Singoung (Menbo-Napeh section), and at Pyawbwe (sometimes called Poiboi) on the same section.

Colonel Galbraith, who is expected in India about the 10th instant, succeeds Brigadier-General Purvis in the command of the Mooltan Brigade.

The following officers from Bengal have been detailed for special service in Upper Burma :—Captain G. S. G. Jenkinson, 2nd Battalion Derbyshire Regiment ; Lieutenant C. J. Mackenzie, 2nd Battalion Seaforth Highlanders ; and Lieutenant A. J. H. Luard, 2nd Battalion Norfolk Regiment.

The following appointments have been made :—*4th Sikhs* : Lieutenant A. J. Shaw, from the 2nd Punjab Infantry, and Lieutenant C. P. Egerton, from the 5th Punjab Infantry, to be officiating Wing Officers. *20th Punjab Infantry* : Lieutenant G. J. Dickson, attached to the 8th Bengal Infantry, to be permanent Wing Officer, *vice* Lieutenant J. M. Cleland-Henderson, resigned the Service

Brigade Surgeon J. David, Medical Staff, on arrival from England, will be appointed to the medical charge of the Station Hospital, Calcutta, *vice* Brigade-Surgeon J. Inkson, proceeded to England, his tour of service in India having expired. Brigade-Surgeon Landale, Medical Staff, who has been transferred to the Bengal Establishment in anticipation of promotion to Deputy Surgeon-General, has been appointed to the Administrative Medical Charge of the Sirhind Division.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

A "Service Shooting" match was fired at Coorla yesterday morning, by "E" Company, 7 shots at 600 and 800 yards, regulations targets, strange rifles, no artificial appliances and the rifle as issued. The 10 best scores are as follows :—

	600 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Vol N Collins	18	19	37
Lce-Cpl W Chitts	19	15	34
Sergt-Major W F Melvin	21	13	34
Vol H Knight	19	14	33
Sergt Gilder	12	19	31
Vol. Vincent	17	14	31
Lce-Sergt L Crowley	14	14	28
Cpl-Sergt D J Sharp	15	12	27
Cpl W Lane	23	2	25
Vol W B de Souza	6	15	21

The competition for the "Bayley Shield" took place yesterday at Coorla by "A" Company, with the following results :—

	150 yds.	300 yds.	700 yds.	Total
Vol F M Horne	25	21	19	65
Vol E W Pyrke	24	18	19	61
Vol C L Smith	23	17	17	57
Vol W Massey	25	15	14	54
Sergt T McCluskan	26	14	14	54
Lieut W Jefferies	24	17	12	53
Sergt J A Wilson	21	16	15	52
Vol T R Ream	26	13	13	52
Vol V Collins	18	18	15	51
Vol W McDowell	22	15	10	47
Total...	234	164	148	546
			Average...	54·60

PROCLAMATION-DAY AT IDAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

IDAR, JAN. 2.

Proclamation Day was observed with unusual pomp and ceremony at Idar this year. In the morning of this day the Idar force paraded in review order in the presence of his Highness the Maharaja Saheb, accompanied by the State officials, and a great concourse of the people. A royal salute was fired while the band played the National Anthem. His Highness's battery also fired a salute of 31 guns in honour of her Majesty the Queen-Empress.

In the evening the distribution of prizes took place at the State School, the school building was tastefully decorated with flags and evergreens and illuminated. At 7 p.m. his Highness the Maharaja Saheb, in whose honour a guard of honour with band paraded, was received at the entrance by the head master. On entering the hall his Highness took his seat on a silver chair. The State officials and leading residents were also present. Mr. Jan Mahammed, the head master, opened the proceedings by reading the school report and an address in Gujerati, in which he dwelt upon the advantages of education, and expressed gratitude to his Highness and Rao Bahadoor Nathabhai Dajibhai, the Dewan, for the interest they took in educational affairs. The head mistress of the girls' school sang and recited some verses of her own composition, and also spoke of the advantages of female education. The boys and girls then recited some verses appropriate to the occasion, after which his Highness presented prizes to the successful pupils of the English, Gujerati and girls' schools, and awarded Sirpaos to the scholars. After words of thanking Mr. Chunilal Nathabhai Desai, the State Munsif, in the absence of the Dewan, made a short reply, on behalf of his Highness, to the head master's address, in which he said that his Highness was very much pleased to perceive the progress of education in the State, and that his Highness would be always glad with the good results which were being achieved. He remarked that his Highness would be always glad to see the students taking advantage of the means of education provided for them. The distribution of sherbet, gulab and pan-supari concluded the proceedings.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES.

The following lotteries were held in the Gymkhana Pavilion last evening, and there ought to be some good sports to-day, as the lotteries for the several events were soon filled up. The result is as follows :—

HURDLE PLATE—Rs. 213.

	Rs.
Resaldar, sold for	80
Unique, do	75
Gertrude, do	20
Samos, do	40
	215
	213
Total value of lottery.....Rs. 397	

CHRISTMAS STAKES—Rs. 230.

	Rs.
Deception, sold for	75
Bantam do	50
Chalmers, do	0
Iahmael, do	26
Cardinal, do	10
	160
	230
Total value of lottery...Rs. 390	

THE POLO STAKES—Rs. 330.

	Rs.
Unique, sold for	70
French Grey, do	35
Max, do	45
Soamp do	5
Beryl, do	5
Slug, do	10
	220
	330
Total value of lottery...Rs. 550	

THE GYMKHANA PONY DERBY—Rs. 324.

	Rs.
Real Jam, sold for	105
Resaldar, do	5
Samos, do	25
Edith, do	5
Saghy, do	10
Woman's Rights, sold for	5
	155
	324
Total value of lottery...Rs. 479	

The order of the events this afternoon will be as follows :—

I.—Hurdle Race.—At 4 P.M.

II.—Christmas Stakes.—At 4-35 P.M.

III.—Polo Stakes.—At 5-50 P.M.

IV.—Gymkhana Pony Derby.—At 6-15 P.M.

Tickets of admission can be had for Re. 1. The band of the 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment will play during the evening.

A SARVAJANIK SABHA FOR BERAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRAOTI, JAN. 1.

A large and influential meeting of the representatives of the people of Berar was held in Purasamal's theatre at Amraoti, on the 27th of December, at 7-30 p. m., to consider whether it was desirable and necessary to establish an association to represent the wants and wishes of the people of Berar to Government on the one hand, and on the other to interpret to the former the aims and intentions of the latter. About 1,000 people were present. Khan Bahadur Khwaja Badrudin Kasi, Jaishagirdar of Arwi, and Special Magistrate, Malkapur, who took the chair, explained in Urdu the object of the meeting and the advantages likely to accrue from establishing an association of the kind, for which there was urgent necessity.

Mr. Chintaman Ramchandra Kelkar, editor of the *Pramod Sindhu*, addressed the meeting to the same effect in Marathi. It was proposed by Mr. Deoreo Vinayak, pleader, and seconded by Mr. Nanarwanji P. Cama, barrister-at-law, and supported by Messrs. Madharao Vakeel of Akot, Amritrao Deshmukh of Murtizapur, Gopalrao Narayan Bhat, Vakeel Yeotmal, Shet Babhutmal Banker and Municipal Commissioner Amraoti—"That constituting the progress his province has made, and in view of the many and important questions affecting the public weal, which constantly arise, it is desirable that there should be an intermediate body between the Government and the people, and that therefore an association, to be styled the 'Berar Sarwajanik Sabha,' be established." The proposition was carried by acclamation.

It was proposed by Mr. R. N. Mudholkar, B.A., L.L. B., High Court pleader, and seconded by Mr. M. V. Joshi, B.A., L.L.B., High Court pleader, and supported by Messrs. Yeshwant Govind, proprietor of the *Pramod Sindhu*, Maroothi Naik Asalkar, Sookar of Akot, and Basanta Appa, Jeweller—"That to establish the association on an elective and representative basis some persons be elected by the people assembled on this occasion as members of the Berar Sarwajanik Sabha, and that these do invite people from the different parts of the province to elect members under rules to be framed hereafter by the Sabha." The proposition was put to the vote and carried.

It was proposed by Mr. O. N. Joz, B.A., L.L.B., High Court pleader, and seconded by Mr. N. Subsarsabdhe, pleader of Ellichpur, and supported by Mr. Vyankatrao Ramchandra Mudholkar, editor, *Vaidbha*—"That the 55 gentlemen mentioned in the first list be elected as members of the general committee, and that 22 of them, mentioned in the second list do form the managing committee of the Sabha, and that the several gentlemen mentioned in the third list be appointed president, vice-president, secretaries, treasurers and auditor of the Sabha and chairman and vice-chairman of the managing committee." The proposition was carried.

It was decided, on the proposition of Mr. Pandurang Govind, pleader, seconded by Mr. Antaji Govind Kankar, pleader,—"that rules as to the qualification of members to be hereafter elected and other necessary matters be framed by the general committee."

A vote of thanks to the chairman brought the proceedings to a close.

CRICKET AT BARODA.

A Return Match has been played between the High School and the City Clubs. The following are the scores :—

HIGH SCHOOL.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Mr T S Tait, c Wagentreiber, b DeVine	15	b DeVine	39
Mr H Littledale, b Makeson	29	b Lynn	3
D M Patel, c Makeson, b DeVine	5	b DeVine	3
C Thanavala, b DeVine	0	b Lynn	0
K V Desai, c Marthan Rao, b DeVine	3	b DeVine	0
P Kothavala, c Lynn, b DeVine	3	b Wagentreiber	28
M G Pawar, b DeVine	3	b Lynn	0
G S Desai, not out	3	b Lynn	13
T Kothavala, c Makeson, b DeVine	2	b Lynn	13
Divan Jehanglas, run out, b Makeson	3	not out	3
F Dorabji, c Sappoo, b Mackeson	0	b Inwin	3
Byes 4, leg-bye 1	5	Byes 6, leg-bye 1	7
Total..	69	Total..	117

CITY CLUB.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Lieut Wagentreiber, b Tait	32	b Littledale	0
Mr T Mackeson, b Tait	15	b Littledale	29
c Lynn, c Littledale	23	c P Kothavala b Littledale	1
W Mackeson, not out	28	not out	1
Marthan Rao Bapoo, c Powar, b Tait	1	not out	1
W Ha die l b w b Littledale	0		
R Hardin, b Littledale	0		
Sappoo, b Tait	2	Did not bat.	
Khushabux c K V Desai, b Littledale	1		
Lieutenant Powar, b Littledale	0		
J Buxi, b Patel	3		
Byes 2, no ball 1	3	Byes 4, leg-byes 2...	6
Total...	131	Total...	89

THE MAN WHO SAVED THE QUEEN'S LIFE.

The London correspondent of the *Belfast Morning News* gives some curious particulars about the man who saved the Queen's life near Kensington Palace in 1821, when her Majesty was only two years old. The man was an Irish soldier named Moloney. He was walking near the carriage in which the infant Princess was driving, and when the carriage was upset, he rushed to the child's rescue and brought her safely out of the broken vehicle. He broke his leg, however, in the attempt, and sustained other injuries from which he suffered for some time afterwards. The Duchess of Kent, the Queen's mother, gave him the munificent reward of one pound for his heroic act. In a few years he was sent out to India with his regiment, and there he spent upwards of twenty years, returning to England a pensioner on sixpence a day. Being in great distress—Sd. a day being unable to maintain the poor fellow—he wrote to her Majesty reminding her of the important service he had rendered to her in early life. No notice whatever was taken of the application. Nothing daunted, however, he wrote again and again, but still no response came from Windsor. To shorten the story, he kept reminding her Majesty, for nearly twenty years that he had saved her life, and as he was beginning to think at last that he could never succeed in exciting the Royal gratitude to do anything for him, he received through the post a small donation anonymously. The following week it was repeated. Upon the introduction of postal orders he got one for £1 almost every week, the donor being still nameless. As the orders, however, bore the Windsor postmark, he suspected the source whence they came. At last one day a slip of paper which appeared to have been put into the letter accidentally revealed the name of the sender—Sir Henry Ponsonby, the Queen's Private Secretary. Since that time Moloney has got the postal orders without any disguise whatever from Sir Henry. Moloney was originally interested in the church, but being a wild young fellow, he left home during his student days, taking with him a large sum of money which belonged to his father. This he soon spent, and then he enlisted. He knew classics fairly well, and while soldier used to amuse his companions by quoting verses from the Latin and Greek poets. He is now over eighty years of age, and lives at Hounslow, near London.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

OUR STATION.

SWEETY TREATMENT.

Lower Bengal is not noted [illegible]shment, and when we were sent to Rainypur [illegible]quarters of the Sweeny Grange district, [illegible]proceed to join. What sin we had been guilty of that we should be sent to Bengal, and to Lower Bengal, too—the abode of every abomination than India is cursed with.

Our friends wept over us. They conjured up visions of fever, agues, and all unhealthiness ; told us horrible tales of other friends who had [illegible]ther left their bones in the mouldy cemeteries, or [illegible]grouped from this fever-stricken part of the, unfortunate, [illegible]n shattered health and broken spirits.

Why do one's friends [illegible]ssistances always remember the objectionable [illegible]ks they have heard about one's future station, and [illegible]forget the favourable ones ? With sinking hearts [illegible]we prepared for our journey. A letter from our [illegible]decessor cast a ray of light across our path. Having [illegible]a large family he was sorry he could not put us up, but [illegible]he would have some rooms ready for us in the circuit bungalow, and we could stay there until we suited ourselves with a bungalow. We could, if it suited us to do so, take his furniture, servants and everything. He was keeping his list for us to see, &c.

It is satisfactory to know where to go to when you arrive in a new station. Journeys were not quite so easily accomplished in those days as they are now, and we were not sorry when our palkees were put down, with rather more suddenness than was agreeable, in the verandah of the circuit house of Rainypur. Friendly voices greeted us at once, and we were taken possession of, refreshed with tea and pegs, and that, greatest of all luxuries, a good bath ; all our creature comforts were attended to, and everything provided that could make us comfortable.

Within a very few days we knew everyone in the station. Offers of assistance came from every side. Would we put up with the Judge and wife ? Did we want a pony and trap ? The Private would lend us one. The hospitality was unbounded, and we had every reason to be pleased with our surroundings. With the important exception of the climate, we had nothing to complain of, that certainly was very bad ; hot, steamy, stuffy, fever reeking in every part of the country, and malaria rising after every shower of rain.

The climate could not be improved, but every thing was done that could be done to make time pass pleasantly, and to provide, sufficient entertainment and amusement for the European residents, to keep them from sinking into the dull monotonous, do-nothing state that characterises most Bengal stations of the present time. Our *Burra Sahib* and his wife did their duty to their neighbours in the regular old Indian style. They took the lead in everything, got up races, gave dances, dinners, pic-nics, maintained the whole station, as well as the neighbouring planters, whenever the presence of any high officers called for anything extra in the way of official dinners. Inspecting officers were told to the tender mercies of the circuit house chowkedar, but were hospitably entertained. During the cold weak and the Pujah, the Judge's compound, spick, indeed, nearly every compound in the place, was full of tents for the accommodation of visitors from the district.

Human beings are very like sheep in some respects. They generally follow a leader. If the head of a station does not entertain, or join in any of the amusements that enterprising members of the community get up, everything falls through. If he is a married man, so much the worse, for no other lady can well take the lead when the *Burra Mem Sahib* is in the station, even though she does nothing towards making it a pleasant one.

Mrs. Oldoak was a perfect *Burra Mem Sahib*. She drew the residents and the planters together, and made herself popular with both parties. What pleasant evenings were spent at her house ; tennis was then known in those days, but the much despised game of Croquet, Badminton, Cricket and La Grace were played in the compound, while Mrs. Oldoak presided at the tea-table under the pipul trees, and talked to the non-players of the party. Sometimes there was music, sometimes cards, when the weather was too wet for out-door games.

Dancing for the chair, rehearsals for private theatricals, and various other amusements filled up the evenings pleasantly, and afforded plenty of entertainment for every one.

The rest of the residents followed the good example set them by the Oldoaks, and, but for a few troublesome people, such as are to be found in almost every station in India, every one lived on friendly terms with each other. Two people there were who would have disturbed the peace of paradise, if ever they found their way there : Dr. Thorny Bluster, and Mrs. Waving Willow were decidedly very objectionable. The gentlemen sometimes said a good word for the latter, but no one was ever known to take the part of the former.

For the Civil Surgeon to be an objectionable character, is a misfortune that effects every one, and when there were plenty of clever, agreeable young surgeons who would have been only too glad to come to Rainypur, it was aggravating to have such a man as Dr. Thorny Bluster. He might have been clever once, but we doubted it. How he could have scraped through his examinations, was a matter of wonder to every one. Whatever knowledge he had once possessed, had been drowned in brandy. As a family doctor he was useless, as a surgeon dangerous ; like all incompetent men, he bitterly resented not being called in when any one was ill, and he required to be sent for two or three times before he went. If he was not on good terms with a person, he refused to attend them at all, and as no medicines could be had in the place without his orders, it was awkward to quarrel with him.

Socially he was a nuisance, quarrelling over every game he played, haggling over the score at badminton and the points at whist. In an unlucky moment Oldoak declared that he would never sit down to a rubber with him again. Soon after little Tommy Oldoak burnt himself badly, and the doctor was sent for, because no proper remedies could be had from the hospital without his order. He refused to go and see Tommy until Oldoak had apologised. The Padre

THE TIMES, SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1887

MR. PARNELL AT LEEDS.

THE CONSERVATIVE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BILL.

LOCKSLEY HALL SIXTY YEARS AFTER.

PANIC IN AN IRISH CATHEDRAL.

HIGH COURT—JANUARY 28.

THE HUMOURS OF CORK.

BEVERAGES FOR WARM COUNTRIES.

"LADBSSE DE JOUARBS" ON THE STAGE.

A CENTENARIAN'S CONTEMPORARIES.